

SENATE MINORITY REPORT AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL 1507

By Nonconcurring Members of COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND REVENUE

February 13

1 On page 1 of the printed bill, line 2, after “amending” delete the rest of the line and insert
2 “ORS 178.300, 178.375, 238A.005, 238A.125, 238A.150, 238A.170, 238A.230, 238A.370, 238A.400,
3 238A.410, 238A.415, 238A.430, 238A.435, 305.239, 305.494, 305.690, 305.842, 314.011, 314.306, 315.004,
4 315.266, 316.012, 316.147, 316.157, 317.010, 317.097, 317A.100, 458.670, 657.010 and 657B.010;”.

5 Delete lines 5 through 27 and delete pages 2 through 5 and insert:

6 “**SECTION 1.** ORS 178.300 is amended to read:

7 “178.300. As used in ORS 178.300 to 178.360:

8 “(1) ‘Account’ means an individual account established in accordance with ORS 178.300 to
9 178.360.

10 “(2) ‘Account owner’ means the person who has the right to withdraw funds from the account.
11 The account owner may also be the designated beneficiary of the account.

12 “(3) ‘Board’ means the Oregon 529 Savings Board established under ORS 178.310.

13 “(4) ‘Designated beneficiary’ means, except as provided in ORS 178.350, the individual designated
14 at the time the account is opened as having the right to receive a qualified withdrawal for the
15 payment of qualified higher education expenses, or if the designated beneficiary is replaced in ac-
16 cordance with ORS 178.350, the replacement.

17 “(5) ‘Financial institution’ means a bank, a commercial bank, a national bank, a savings bank,
18 a savings and loan, a thrift institution, a credit union, an insurance company, a trust company, a
19 mutual fund, an investment firm or other similar entity authorized to do business in this state.

20 “(6) ‘Higher education institution’ means an eligible education institution as defined in section
21 529(e)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code.

22 “(7) ‘Internal Revenue Code’ means the federal Internal Revenue Code as amended and in effect
23 on December 31, [2023] **2025**.

24 “(8) ‘Member of the family’ shall have the same meaning as contained in section 529(e) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code.

26 “(9) ‘Network’ means the Oregon 529 Savings Network established under ORS 178.305.

27 “(10) ‘Nonqualified withdrawal’ means a withdrawal from an account that is not a qualified
28 withdrawal.

29 “(11) ‘Qualified higher education expenses’ means tuition and other permitted expenses as set
30 forth in section 529(e) of the Internal Revenue Code for the enrollment or attendance of a designated
31 beneficiary at a higher education institution, expenses associated with registered apprenticeship
32 programs described in section 529(c)(8) of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts paid as principal
33 or interest on a qualified education loan to the extent allowed under section 529(c)(9) of the Internal
34 Revenue Code.

1 “(12) ‘Qualified withdrawal’ means a withdrawal made as prescribed under ORS 178.355 and
2 made:

3 “(a) From an account to pay the qualified higher education expenses of the designated benefi-
4 ciary;

5 “(b) As the result of the death or disability of the designated beneficiary;

6 “(c) As the result of a scholarship, allowance or payment described in section 135(d)(1)(A), (B)
7 or (C) of the Internal Revenue Code that is received by the designated beneficiary, but only to the
8 extent of the amount of the scholarship, allowance or payment; or

9 “(d) As a rollover or change in the designated beneficiary described in ORS 178.350.

10 “**SECTION 2.** ORS 178.375 is amended to read:

11 “178.375. As used in this section and ORS 178.380 and 178.385:

12 “(1) ‘ABLE account’ means an account established by an eligible individual, owned by the eli-
13 gible individual and maintained under the qualified ABLE program established by the Oregon 529
14 Savings Board under ORS 178.380.

15 “(2) ‘ABLE Act’ means the Stephen Beck, Jr., Achieving a Better Life Experience Act of 2014
16 (Division B of P.L. 113-295).

17 “(3) ‘Designated beneficiary’ has the same meaning as contained in section 529A of the Internal
18 Revenue Code.

19 “(4) ‘Eligible individual’ has the same meaning as contained in section 529A of the Internal Re-
20 venue Code.

21 “(5) ‘Internal Revenue Code’ means the federal Internal Revenue Code as amended and in effect
22 on December 31, [2023] **2025**.

23 “(6) ‘Qualified disability expense’ has the same meaning as contained in section 529A of the
24 Internal Revenue Code.

25 “**SECTION 3.** ORS 238A.005 is amended to read:

26 “238A.005. For the purposes of this chapter:

27 “(1) ‘Active member’ means a member of the pension program or the individual account program
28 of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan who is actively employed in a qualifying position.

29 “(2) ‘Actuarial equivalent’ means a payment or series of payments having the same value as the
30 payment or series of payments replaced, computed on the basis of interest rate and mortality as-
31 sumptions adopted by the board.

32 “(3) ‘Board’ means the Public Employees Retirement Board.

33 “(4) ‘Eligible employee’ means a person who performs services for a participating public em-
34 ployer, including persons considered employees of a participating public employer under 26 U.S.C.
35 3121(d)(2), as in effect on January 1, [2024] **2026**, and elected officials other than judges. ‘Eligible
36 employee’ does not include:

37 “(a) Persons engaged as independent contractors;

38 “(b) Aliens working under a training or educational visa;

39 “(c) Persons provided sheltered employment or make-work by a public employer;

40 “(d) Persons categorized by a participating public employer as student employees;

41 “(e) Any person who is in custody in a state institution;

42 “(f) Employees of foreign trade offices of the Oregon Business Development Department who live
43 and perform services in foreign countries under the provisions of ORS 285A.075 (1)(g);

44 “(g) An employee actively participating in an alternative retirement program established under
45 ORS 353.250 or an optional retirement plan established under ORS 341.551;

1 “(h) Employees of a public university listed in ORS 352.002 who are actively participating in an
2 optional retirement plan offered under ORS 243.815;

3 “(i) Persons employed in positions classified as post-doctoral scholar positions by a public uni-
4 versity listed in ORS 352.002, or by the Oregon Health and Science University, under ORS 350.370;

5 “(j) Any employee who belongs to a class of employees that was not eligible on August 28, 2003,
6 for membership in the system under the provisions of ORS chapter 238 or other law;

7 “(k) Any person who belongs to a class of employees who are not eligible to become members
8 of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan under the provisions of ORS 238A.070 (2);

9 “(L) Any person who is retired under ORS 238A.100 to 238A.250 or ORS chapter 238 and who
10 continues to receive retirement benefits while employed; and

11 “(m) Judges.

12 “(5) ‘Firefighter’ means:

13 “(a) A person employed by a local government, as defined in ORS 174.116, whose primary job
14 duties include the fighting of fires;

15 “(b) The State Fire Marshal, chief deputy state fire marshals and deputy state fire marshals;

16 “(c) An employee of the State Fire Marshal whose primary duties include fire investigation, fire
17 prevention, fire safety, fire control or fire suppression;

18 “(d) An employee of the State Forestry Department who is certified by the State Forester as a
19 professional wildland firefighter and whose primary duties include the abatement of uncontrolled
20 fires as described in ORS 477.064; and

21 “(e) An employee of the Oregon Military Department whose primary duties include fighting
22 structural, aircraft, wildland or other fires.

23 “(6) ‘Fund’ means the Public Employees Retirement Fund.

24 “(7)(a) ‘Hour of service’ means:

25 “(A) An hour for which an eligible employee is directly or indirectly paid or entitled to payment
26 by a participating public employer for performance of duties in a qualifying position; and

27 “(B) An hour of vacation, holiday, illness, incapacity, jury duty, military duty or authorized
28 leave during which an employee does not perform duties but for which the employee is directly or
29 indirectly paid or entitled to payment by a participating public employer for services in a qualifying
30 position, as long as the hour is within the number of hours regularly scheduled for the performance
31 of duties during the period of vacation, holiday, illness, incapacity, jury duty, military duty or au-
32 thorized leave.

33 “(b) ‘Hour of service’ does not include any hour for which payment is made or due under a plan
34 maintained solely for the purpose of complying with applicable unemployment compensation laws.

35 “(8) ‘Inactive member’ means a member of the pension program or the individual account pro-
36 gram of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan whose membership has not been terminated, who
37 is not a retired member and who is not employed in a qualifying position.

38 “(9) ‘Individual account program’ means the defined contribution individual account program of
39 the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan established under ORS 238A.025.

40 “(10) ‘Institution of higher education’ means a public university listed in ORS 352.002, the
41 Oregon Health and Science University or a community college, as defined in ORS 341.005.

42 “(11) ‘Member’ means an eligible employee who has established membership in the pension pro-
43 gram or the individual account program of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan and whose
44 membership has not been terminated under ORS 238A.110 or 238A.310.

45 “(12) ‘Participating public employer’ means a public employer as defined in ORS 238.005 that

1 provides retirement benefits for employees of the public employer under the system.

2 “(13) ‘Pension program’ means the defined benefit pension program of the Oregon Public Service
3 Retirement Plan established under ORS 238A.025.

4 “(14) ‘Police officer’ means a police officer as described in ORS 238.005.

5 “(15) ‘Qualifying position’ means one or more jobs with one or more participating public em-
6 ployers in which an eligible employee performs 600 or more hours of service in a full calendar year,
7 or would perform 600 or more hours of service if the employee were employed for the full calendar
8 year, excluding any service in a job for which benefits are not provided under the Oregon Public
9 Service Retirement Plan pursuant to ORS 238A.070 (2).

10 “(16) ‘Retired member’ means a pension program member who is receiving a pension as provided
11 in ORS 238A.180 to 238A.195.

12 “(17)(a) ‘Salary’ means the remuneration paid to an active member in return for services to the
13 participating public employer, including remuneration in the form of living quarters, board or other
14 items of value, to the extent the remuneration is, or would be if the member were an Oregon resi-
15 dent, includable in the employee’s taxable income under Oregon law. ‘Salary’ includes the additional
16 amounts specified in paragraph (b) of this subsection, but does not include the amounts specified in
17 paragraph (c) of this subsection, regardless of whether those amounts are includable in taxable in-
18 come.

19 “(b) ‘Salary’ includes the following amounts:

20 “(A) Payments of employee and employer money into a deferred compensation plan that are
21 made at the election of the employee.

22 “(B) Contributions to a tax-sheltered or deferred annuity that are made at the election of the
23 employee.

24 “(C) Any amount that is contributed to a cafeteria plan or qualified transportation fringe benefit
25 plan by the employer at the election of the employee and that is not includable in the taxable in-
26 come of the employee by reason of 26 U.S.C. 125 or 132(f)(4), as in effect on December 31, [2023]
27 **2025**.

28 “(D) Any amount that is contributed to a cash or deferred arrangement by the employer at the
29 election of the employee and that is not included in the taxable income of the employee by reason
30 of 26 U.S.C. 402(e)(3), as in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**.

31 “(E) Retroactive payments described in ORS 238.008.

32 “(F) The amount of an employee contribution to the individual account program that is paid by
33 the employer and deducted from the compensation of the employee, as provided under ORS 238A.335
34 (1) and (2)(a).

35 “(G) The amount of an employee contribution to the individual account program that is not paid
36 by the employer under ORS 238A.335.

37 “(H) Wages of a deceased member paid to a surviving spouse or dependent children under ORS
38 652.190.

39 “(c) ‘Salary’ does not include the following amounts:

40 “(A) Travel or any other expenses incidental to employer’s business which is reimbursed by the
41 employer.

42 “(B) Payments made on account of an employee’s death.

43 “(C) Any lump sum payment for accumulated unused sick leave, vacation leave or other paid
44 leave.

45 “(D) Any severance payment, accelerated payment of an employment contract for a future period

1 or advance against future wages.

2 “(E) Any retirement incentive, retirement bonus or retirement gratuitous payment.

3 “(F) Payment for a leave of absence after the date the employer and employee have agreed that

4 no future services in a qualifying position will be performed.

5 “(G) Payments for instructional services rendered to public universities listed in ORS 352.002

6 or the Oregon Health and Science University when those services are in excess of full-time em-

7 ployment subject to this chapter. A person employed under a contract for less than 12 months is

8 subject to this subparagraph only for the months covered by the contract.

9 “(H) The amount of an employee contribution to the individual account program that is paid by

10 the employer and is not deducted from the compensation of the employee, as provided under ORS

11 238A.335 (1) and (2)(b).

12 “(I) Compensation described and authorized under ORS 341.556 that is not paid by the commu-

13 nity college employing the faculty member.

14 “(J) Compensation described and authorized under ORS 352.232 that is not paid by the public

15 university employing the officer or employee.

16 “(K) Compensation described and authorized under ORS 353.270 that is not paid by Oregon

17 Health and Science University.

18 “(L) For years before 2020, any amount in excess of \$200,000 for a calendar year. If any period

19 over which salary is determined is less than 12 months, the \$200,000 limitation for that period shall

20 be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months in the determination

21 period and the denominator of which is 12. The board shall adopt rules adjusting this dollar limit

22 to incorporate cost-of-living adjustments authorized by the Internal Revenue Service.

23 “(M) For years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, any amount in excess of \$195,000 for a

24 calendar year. If any period over which salary is determined is less than 12 months, the \$195,000

25 limitation for that period shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number

26 of months in the determination period and the denominator of which is 12. On January 1 of each

27 year, the board shall adjust the dollar limit provided by this subparagraph to reflect any percentage

28 changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, West Region (All Items), as pub-

29 lished by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor.

30 “(18) ‘System’ means the Public Employees Retirement System.

31 “(19) ‘Workers’ compensation benefits’ means:

32 “(a) Payments made under ORS chapter 656; or

33 “(b) Payments provided in lieu of workers’ compensation benefits under ORS 656.027 (6).

34 “**SECTION 4.** ORS 238A.005, as amended by section 2, chapter 101, Oregon Laws 2024, is

35 amended to read:

36 “238A.005. For the purposes of this chapter:

37 “(1) ‘Active member’ means a member of the pension program or the individual account program

38 of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan who is actively employed in a qualifying position.

39 “(2) ‘Actuarial equivalent’ means a payment or series of payments having the same value as the

40 payment or series of payments replaced, computed on the basis of interest rate and mortality as-

41 sumptions adopted by the board.

42 “(3) ‘Board’ means the Public Employees Retirement Board.

43 “(4) ‘Eligible employee’ means a person who performs services for a participating public em-

44 ployer, including persons considered employees of a participating public employer under 26 U.S.C.

45 3121(d)(2), as in effect on January 1, [2024] **2026**, and elected officials other than judges. ‘Eligible

1 employee' does not include:

2 “(a) Persons engaged as independent contractors;

3 “(b) Aliens working under a training or educational visa;

4 “(c) Persons provided sheltered employment or make-work by a public employer;

5 “(d) Persons categorized by a participating public employer as student employees;

6 “(e) Any person who is in custody in a state institution;

7 “(f) Employees of foreign trade offices of the Oregon Business Development Department who live

8 and perform services in foreign countries under the provisions of ORS 285A.075 (1)(g);

9 “(g) An employee actively participating in an alternative retirement program established under

10 ORS 353.250 or an optional retirement plan established under ORS 341.551;

11 “(h) Employees of a public university listed in ORS 352.002 who are actively participating in an

12 optional retirement plan offered under ORS 243.815;

13 “(i) Persons employed in positions classified as post-doctoral scholar positions by a public uni-

14 versity listed in ORS 352.002, or by the Oregon Health and Science University, under ORS 350.370;

15 “(j) Any employee who belongs to a class of employees that was not eligible on August 28, 2003,

16 for membership in the system under the provisions of ORS chapter 238 or other law;

17 “(k) Any person who belongs to a class of employees who are not eligible to become members

18 of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan under the provisions of ORS 238A.070 (2);

19 “(L) Any person who is retired under ORS 238A.100 to 238A.250 or ORS chapter 238 and who

20 continues to receive retirement benefits while employed; and

21 “(m) Judges.

22 “(5) ‘Firefighter’ means:

23 “(a) A person employed by a local government, as defined in ORS 174.116, whose primary job

24 duties include the fighting of fires;

25 “(b) The State Fire Marshal, chief deputy state fire marshals and deputy state fire marshals;

26 “(c) An employee of the State Fire Marshal whose primary duties include fire investigation, fire

27 prevention, fire safety, fire control or fire suppression;

28 “(d) An employee of the State Forestry Department who is certified by the State Forester as a

29 professional wildland firefighter and whose primary duties include the abatement of uncontrolled

30 fires as described in ORS 477.064; and

31 “(e) An employee of the Oregon Military Department whose primary duties include fighting

32 structural, aircraft, wildland or other fires.

33 “(6) ‘Fund’ means the Public Employees Retirement Fund.

34 “(7)(a) ‘Hazardous position’ means a position that does not meet the definition of a qualified

35 public safety employee under section 72(t)(10)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, but that:

36 “(A) Requires the person holding the position to work with or manage emergency or traumatic

37 events in the regular course of work; or

38 “(B) Carries a high risk of physical harm.

39 “(b) ‘Hazardous position’ includes and is limited to:

40 “(A) Employees of the Oregon State Hospital who have direct contact with patients; and

41 “(B) Telecommunicators, as defined in ORS 181A.355.

42 “(8)(a) ‘Hour of service’ means:

43 “(A) An hour for which an eligible employee is directly or indirectly paid or entitled to payment

44 by a participating public employer for performance of duties in a qualifying position; and

45 “(B) An hour of vacation, holiday, illness, incapacity, jury duty, military duty or authorized

1 leave during which an employee does not perform duties but for which the employee is directly or
2 indirectly paid or entitled to payment by a participating public employer for services in a qualifying
3 position, as long as the hour is within the number of hours regularly scheduled for the performance
4 of duties during the period of vacation, holiday, illness, incapacity, jury duty, military duty or au-
5 thorized leave.

6 “(b) ‘Hour of service’ does not include any hour for which payment is made or due under a plan
7 maintained solely for the purpose of complying with applicable unemployment compensation laws.

8 “(9) ‘Inactive member’ means a member of the pension program or the individual account pro-
9 gram of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan whose membership has not been terminated, who
10 is not a retired member and who is not employed in a qualifying position.

11 “(10) ‘Individual account program’ means the defined contribution individual account program
12 of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan established under ORS 238A.025.

13 “(11) ‘Institution of higher education’ means a public university listed in ORS 352.002, the
14 Oregon Health and Science University or a community college, as defined in ORS 341.005.

15 “(12) ‘Member’ means an eligible employee who has established membership in the pension pro-
16 gram or the individual account program of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan and whose
17 membership has not been terminated under ORS 238A.110 or 238A.310.

18 “(13) ‘Participating public employer’ means a public employer as defined in ORS 238.005 that
19 provides retirement benefits for employees of the public employer under the system.

20 “(14) ‘Pension program’ means the defined benefit pension program of the Oregon Public Service
21 Retirement Plan established under ORS 238A.025.

22 “(15) ‘Police officer’ means a police officer as described in ORS 238.005.

23 “(16) ‘Qualifying position’ means one or more jobs with one or more participating public em-
24 ployers in which an eligible employee performs 600 or more hours of service in a full calendar year,
25 or would perform 600 or more hours of service if the employee were employed for the full calendar
26 year, excluding any service in a job for which benefits are not provided under the Oregon Public
27 Service Retirement Plan pursuant to ORS 238A.070 (2).

28 “(17) ‘Retired member’ means a pension program member who is receiving a pension as provided
29 in ORS 238A.180 to 238A.195.

30 “(18)(a) ‘Salary’ means the remuneration paid to an active member in return for services to the
31 participating public employer, including remuneration in the form of living quarters, board or other
32 items of value, to the extent the remuneration is, or would be if the member were an Oregon resi-
33 dent, includable in the employee’s taxable income under Oregon law. ‘Salary’ includes the additional
34 amounts specified in paragraph (b) of this subsection, but does not include the amounts specified in
35 paragraph (c) of this subsection, regardless of whether those amounts are includable in taxable in-
36 come.

37 “(b) ‘Salary’ includes the following amounts:

38 “(A) Payments of employee and employer money into a deferred compensation plan that are
39 made at the election of the employee.

40 “(B) Contributions to a tax-sheltered or deferred annuity that are made at the election of the
41 employee.

42 “(C) Any amount that is contributed to a cafeteria plan or qualified transportation fringe benefit
43 plan by the employer at the election of the employee and that is not includable in the taxable in-
44 come of the employee by reason of 26 U.S.C. 125 or 132(f)(4), as in effect on December 31, [2023]
45 **2025.**

1 “(D) Any amount that is contributed to a cash or deferred arrangement by the employer at the
2 election of the employee and that is not included in the taxable income of the employee by reason
3 of 26 U.S.C. 402(e)(3), as in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**.

4 “(E) Retroactive payments described in ORS 238.008.

5 “(F) The amount of an employee contribution to the individual account program that is paid by
6 the employer and deducted from the compensation of the employee, as provided under ORS 238A.335
7 (1) and (2)(a).

8 “(G) The amount of an employee contribution to the individual account program that is not paid
9 by the employer under ORS 238A.335.

10 “(H) Wages of a deceased member paid to a surviving spouse or dependent children under ORS
11 652.190.

12 “(c) ‘Salary’ does not include the following amounts:

13 “(A) Travel or any other expenses incidental to employer’s business which is reimbursed by the
14 employer.

15 “(B) Payments made on account of an employee’s death.

16 “(C) Any lump sum payment for accumulated unused sick leave, vacation leave or other paid
17 leave.

18 “(D) Any severance payment, accelerated payment of an employment contract for a future period
19 or advance against future wages.

20 “(E) Any retirement incentive, retirement bonus or retirement gratuitous payment.

21 “(F) Payment for a leave of absence after the date the employer and employee have agreed that
22 no future services in a qualifying position will be performed.

23 “(G) Payments for instructional services rendered to public universities listed in ORS 352.002
24 or the Oregon Health and Science University when those services are in excess of full-time em-
25 ployment subject to this chapter. A person employed under a contract for less than 12 months is
26 subject to this subparagraph only for the months covered by the contract.

27 “(H) The amount of an employee contribution to the individual account program that is paid by
28 the employer and is not deducted from the compensation of the employee, as provided under ORS
29 238A.335 (1) and (2)(b).

30 “(I) Compensation described and authorized under ORS 341.556 that is not paid by the commu-
31 nity college employing the faculty member.

32 “(J) Compensation described and authorized under ORS 352.232 that is not paid by the public
33 university employing the officer or employee.

34 “(K) Compensation described and authorized under ORS 353.270 that is not paid by Oregon
35 Health and Science University.

36 “(L) For years before 2020, any amount in excess of \$200,000 for a calendar year. If any period
37 over which salary is determined is less than 12 months, the \$200,000 limitation for that period shall
38 be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months in the determination
39 period and the denominator of which is 12. The board shall adopt rules adjusting this dollar limit
40 to incorporate cost-of-living adjustments authorized by the Internal Revenue Service.

41 “(M) For years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, any amount in excess of \$195,000 for a
42 calendar year. If any period over which salary is determined is less than 12 months, the \$195,000
43 limitation for that period shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number
44 of months in the determination period and the denominator of which is 12. On January 1 of each
45 year, the board shall adjust the dollar limit provided by this subparagraph to reflect any percentage

1 changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, West Region (All Items), as pub-
2 lished by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor.

3 “(19) ‘System’ means the Public Employees Retirement System.

4 “(20) ‘Workers’ compensation benefits’ means:

5 “(a) Payments made under ORS chapter 656; or

6 “(b) Payments provided in lieu of workers’ compensation benefits under ORS 656.027 (6).

7 “**SECTION 5.** ORS 238A.125 is amended to read:

8 “238A.125. (1) Upon retiring at normal retirement age, a vested pension program member shall
9 be paid an annual pension for the life of the member as follows:

10 “(a) For service as a police officer or firefighter, 1.8 percent of final average salary multiplied
11 by the number of years of retirement credit attributable to service as a police officer or firefighter.

12 “(b) For service as other than a police officer or firefighter, 1.5 percent of final average salary
13 multiplied by the number of years of retirement credit attributable to service as other than a police
14 officer or firefighter.

15 “(2) Notwithstanding any provision of ORS 238A.100 to 238A.250, the annual benefit payable to
16 a member under the pension program and under any other tax-qualified defined benefit plan main-
17 tained by the participating public employer may not exceed the applicable limitations set forth in
18 26 U.S.C. 415(b), as in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**. The Public Employees Retirement Board
19 shall adopt rules for the administration of this limitation, including adjustments in the annual dollar
20 limitation to reflect cost-of-living adjustments authorized by the Internal Revenue Service.

21 “(3) The board shall make no actuarial adjustment in a member’s pension calculated under this
22 section by reason of the member’s retirement after normal retirement age.

23 “**SECTION 6.** ORS 238A.125, as amended by section 3, chapter 101, Oregon Laws 2024, is
24 amended to read:

25 “238A.125. (1) Upon retiring at normal retirement age, a vested pension program member shall
26 be paid an annual pension for the life of the member as follows:

27 “(a) For service as a police officer or firefighter, 1.8 percent of final average salary multiplied
28 by the number of years of retirement credit attributable to service as a police officer or firefighter.

29 “(b) For service in a hazardous position, 1.8 percent of final average salary multiplied by the
30 number of years of retirement credit attributable to service in a hazardous position.

31 “(c) For service as other than a police officer or firefighter or in a hazardous position, 1.5 per-
32 cent of final average salary multiplied by the number of years of retirement credit attributable to
33 service as other than a police officer or firefighter or in a hazardous position.

34 “(2) Notwithstanding any provision of ORS 238A.100 to 238A.250, the annual benefit payable to
35 a member under the pension program and under any other tax-qualified defined benefit plan main-
36 tained by the participating public employer may not exceed the applicable limitations set forth in
37 26 U.S.C. 415(b), as in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**. The Public Employees Retirement Board
38 shall adopt rules for the administration of this limitation, including adjustments in the annual dollar
39 limitation to reflect cost-of-living adjustments authorized by the Internal Revenue Service.

40 “(3) The board shall make no actuarial adjustment in a member’s pension calculated under this
41 section by reason of the member’s retirement after normal retirement age.

42 “**SECTION 7.** ORS 238A.150 is amended to read:

43 “238A.150. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of ORS 238A.100 to 238A.250, an eligible
44 employee who leaves a qualifying position for the purpose of performing service in the uniformed
45 services, and who subsequently returns to employment with a participating public employer with

1 reemployment rights under federal law, is entitled to accrue retirement credit, credit toward the
2 probationary period required by ORS 238A.100 and credit toward the vesting requirements of ORS
3 238A.115 under rules adopted by the Public Employees Retirement Board pursuant to subsection (2)
4 of this section.

5 “(2) The board shall adopt rules establishing benefits and service credit for any period of service
6 in the uniformed services by an employee described in subsection (1) of this section. For the purpose
7 of adopting rules under this subsection, the board shall consider and take into account all federal
8 law relating to benefits and service credit for any period of service in the uniformed services, in-
9 cluding 26 U.S.C. 414(u), as in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**. Benefits and service credit under
10 rules adopted by the board pursuant to this subsection may not exceed benefits and service credit
11 required under federal law for periods of service in the uniformed services.

12 “**SECTION 8.** ORS 238A.170 is amended to read:

13 “238A.170. (1) An active member of the pension program who is 72 years of age or older must
14 retire not later than April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the member
15 terminates employment with all participating public employers. An inactive member of the pension
16 program must retire not later than April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which
17 the member attains 72 years of age.

18 “(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of ORS 238A.100 to 238A.250, the entire interest of a
19 member of the pension program must be distributed over a time period commencing no later than
20 the required beginning date set forth in subsection (1) of this section, and must be distributed in a
21 manner that satisfies all other minimum distribution requirements of 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9) and regu-
22 lations implementing that section, as in effect on January 1, [2024] **2026**. The Public Employees Re-
23 tirement Board shall adopt rules implementing those minimum distribution requirements.

24 “**SECTION 9.** ORS 238A.230 is amended to read:

25 “238A.230. (1) If a member of the pension program who is vested dies before the member’s ef-
26 fective date of retirement, the Public Employees Retirement Board shall pay the death benefit pro-
27 vided for in this section to:

28 “(a) The spouse of the member to the extent not provided to a former spouse in accordance with
29 a judgment or order under ORS 238.465;

30 “(b) The former spouse of the member as provided in a judgment or order under ORS 238.465;
31 or

32 “(c) Any other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as a
33 spouse for the purpose of retirement benefits.

34 “(2) The death benefit to be paid under this subsection is for the life of the member’s spouse,
35 former spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner
36 as a spouse, and is:

37 “(a) If the member dies before the earliest retirement date for the member under ORS 238A.165,
38 the actuarial equivalent of 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the
39 deceased member, which shall be calculated as if the member became an inactive member on the
40 date of death and retired at the earliest retirement date for the member as described in ORS
41 238A.165;

42 “(b) If the member dies on or after the earliest retirement date for the member under ORS
43 238A.165 and before normal retirement age under ORS 238A.160, the actuarial equivalent of the
44 pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member, which shall be calculated as
45 if the member retired under ORS 238A.185 and as if the member’s retirement date was the first of

1 the month following the date of death of the member; or

2 “(c) If the member dies on or after reaching normal retirement age as described in ORS
3 238A.160, the actuarial equivalent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the de-
4 ceased member, which shall be calculated under ORS 238A.125 as if the member’s retirement date
5 was the first of the month following the date of death of the member.

6 “(3) The death benefit provided under this section is first effective on the first day of the month
7 following the date of death of the member.

8 “(4) The surviving spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the
9 same manner as a spouse for the purpose of retirement benefits may elect to delay payment of the
10 death benefit, which shall be actuarially adjusted for age and interest when payments commence,
11 but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member
12 would have reached 72 years of age. If a person who delays payment under this subsection dies be-
13 fore payments commence:

14 “(a) The person’s beneficiary shall receive, in a lump sum, the sum of the payments the person
15 would have received had the person not elected to delay payment of the death benefit.

16 “(b) If the person who delays payment under this subsection has not designated a beneficiary,
17 the person’s benefit shall be paid to a personal representative appointed for the person’s estate.

18 “(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of ORS 238A.100 to 238A.250, distributions of death
19 benefits under the pension program must comply with the minimum distribution requirements of 26
20 U.S.C. 401(a)(9) and the regulations implementing that section, as in effect on January 1, [2024]
21 **2026**. The board shall adopt rules implementing those minimum distribution requirements.

22 “**SECTION 10.** ORS 238A.370 is amended to read:

23 “238A.370. Notwithstanding any other provision of ORS 238A.300 to 238A.415, the annual addi-
24 tion to the employee and employer accounts of a member of the individual account program for a
25 calendar year, together with the annual additions to the accounts of the member under any other
26 defined contribution plan maintained by the participating public employer for a calendar year, may
27 not exceed the lesser of \$40,000, or 100 percent of the member’s compensation for that calendar year.
28 For purposes of this section, ‘annual addition’ has the meaning given that term in 26 U.S.C. 415(c)(2),
29 as in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**, and ‘compensation’ has the meaning given the term
30 ‘participant’s compensation’ in 26 U.S.C. 415(c)(3), as in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**. The
31 Public Employees Retirement Board shall adopt rules for the administration of this limitation, in-
32 cluding adjustments in the annual dollar limitation to reflect cost-of-living adjustments authorized
33 by the Internal Revenue Service.

34 “**SECTION 11.** ORS 238A.400 is amended to read:

35 “238A.400. (1) Upon retirement on or after the earliest retirement date, as described in ORS
36 238A.165, a member of the individual account program shall receive in a lump sum the amounts in
37 the member’s employee account, rollover account and employer account to the extent the member
38 is vested in those accounts under ORS 238A.320.

39 “(2) In lieu of a lump sum payment under subsection (1) of this section, a member of the indi-
40 vidual account program may elect to receive the amounts in the member’s employee account and
41 employer account, to the extent the member is vested in those accounts under ORS 238A.320, in
42 substantially equal installments paid over a period of 5, 10, 15 or 20 years, or over a period that is
43 equal to the anticipated life span of the member as actuarially determined by the Public Employees
44 Retirement Board. Installments may be made on a monthly, quarterly or annual basis. In no event
45 may the period selected by the member exceed the time allowed by the minimum distribution re-

1 requirements described in subsection (5) of this section. The board shall by rule establish the manner
2 in which installments will be adjusted to reflect investment gains and losses on the unpaid balance
3 during the payout period elected by the member under this subsection. The board by rule may es-
4 tablish minimum monthly amounts payable under this subsection. The board may require that a
5 lump sum payment, or an installment schedule different than the schedules provided for in this
6 subsection, be used to pay the vested amounts in the member's accounts if those amounts are not
7 adequate to generate the minimum monthly amounts specified by the rule.

8 “(3) A member of the individual account program electing to receive installments under sub-
9 section (2) of this section must designate a beneficiary or beneficiaries. In the event the member dies
10 before all amounts in the employee and vested employer accounts are paid, the remaining account
11 balance shall be paid in a lump sum distribution to the beneficiary or beneficiaries designated by
12 the member.

13 “(4) A member who is entitled to receive retirement benefits under ORS chapter 238 may receive
14 vested amounts in the member's employee account, rollover account and employer account in the
15 manner provided by this section when the member retires for service under the provisions of ORS
16 chapter 238.

17 “(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of ORS 238A.300 to 238A.415, the entire interest of a
18 member of the individual account program must be distributed over a time period commencing no
19 later than the latest retirement date set forth in ORS 238A.170, and must be distributed in a manner
20 that satisfies all other minimum distribution requirements of 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9) and regulations im-
21 plementing that section, as in effect on January 1, [2024] **2026**. The board shall adopt rules imple-
22 menting those minimum distribution requirements.

23 “**SECTION 12.** ORS 238A.410 is amended to read:

24 “238A.410. (1)(a) If a member of the individual account program dies before retirement, the
25 amounts in the member's employee account, rollover account and employer account, to the extent
26 the member is vested in those accounts under ORS 238A.320, shall be paid in a lump sum to the
27 beneficiary or beneficiaries designated by the member for the purposes of this section.

28 “(b) If a member of the individual account program dies before retirement, the amounts in the
29 employee pension stability account established for the member under ORS 238A.353 shall be applied
30 by the Public Employees Retirement Board to pay the costs of any benefit payable under ORS
31 238.395 or 238A.230 that accrues on or after July 1, 2020. If the amounts in the employee pension
32 stability account exceed the costs of the benefit payable under ORS 238.395 or 238A.230 that accrues
33 on or after July 1, 2020, the excess amounts shall be paid in a lump sum to the beneficiary or ben-
34 efiiciaries designated by the member for the purposes of this section.

35 “(2) If a member of the individual account program is married at the time of death, or there
36 exists at the time of death any other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the
37 same manner as a spouse for the purpose of retirement benefits, the spouse or other person shall
38 be the beneficiary for purposes of the death benefit payable under this section unless the spouse or
39 other person consents to the designation of a different beneficiary or beneficiaries before the des-
40 ignation has been made and the consent has not been revoked by the spouse or other person as of
41 the time of the member's death. Consent and revocation of consent must be in writing, acknowledged
42 by a notary public, and submitted to the Public Employees Retirement Board in accordance with
43 rules adopted by the board. If the member's spouse is designated as the member's beneficiary and
44 the marriage of the member and spouse is subsequently dissolved, the former spouse shall be treated
45 as predeceasing the member for purposes of this section, unless the member expressly designates the

1 former spouse as beneficiary after the effective date of the dissolution or the former spouse is re-
2 quired to be designated as a beneficiary under the provisions of ORS 238.465.

3 “(3) For purposes of this section and ORS 238A.400 (3), if a member fails to designate a benefi-
4 ciary, or if the person or persons designated do not survive the member, the death benefit provided
5 for in this section shall be paid to the following person or persons, in the following order of priority:

6 “(a) The member’s surviving spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be
7 treated in the same manner as a spouse;

8 “(b) The member’s surviving children, in equal shares; or

9 “(c) The member’s estate.

10 “(4) If a small estate affidavit has been filed under ORS 114.505 to 114.560, and the death benefit
11 does not exceed the maximum amount of personal property for which a small estate affidavit may
12 be filed under ORS 114.505 to 114.560, the board shall pay the death benefit to the person who filed
13 the affidavit, if the member’s estate is the designated beneficiary or is receiving the payment under
14 subsection (3) of this section.

15 “(5) The entire amount of a deceased member’s vested accounts must be distributed by December
16 31 of the fifth calendar year after the year in which the member died. Notwithstanding any other
17 provision of this chapter, distributions of death benefits under the individual account program must
18 comply with the minimum distribution requirements of 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9) and the regulations im-
19 plementing that section, as in effect on January 1, [2024] **2026**. The Public Employees Retirement
20 Board shall adopt rules implementing those minimum distribution requirements.

21 “**SECTION 13.** ORS 238A.415 is amended to read:

22 “238A.415. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of ORS 238A.300 to 238A.415, an eligible
23 employee who leaves a qualifying position for the purpose of performing service in the uniformed
24 services, and who subsequently returns to employment with a participating public employer with
25 reemployment rights under federal law, is entitled to credit toward the probationary period required
26 by ORS 238A.300, credit toward the vesting requirements of ORS 238A.320 and contributions under
27 rules adopted by the Public Employees Retirement Board pursuant to subsection (2) of this section.

28 “(2) The board shall adopt rules establishing contributions and service credit for any period of
29 service in the uniformed services by an employee described in subsection (1) of this section. For the
30 purpose of adopting rules under this subsection, the board shall consider and take into account all
31 federal law relating to benefits and service credit for any period of service in the uniformed ser-
32 vices, including 26 U.S.C. 414(u), as in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**. Contributions and service
33 credit under rules adopted by the board pursuant to this subsection may not exceed contributions
34 and service credit required under federal law for periods of service in the uniformed services.

35 “**SECTION 14.** ORS 238A.430 is amended to read:

36 “238A.430. (1) To the extent required by law, and except as otherwise provided by rules adopted
37 by the Public Employees Retirement Board under subsection (4) of this section, any portion of a
38 distribution of benefits described in subsection (2) of this section shall, at the election of and in lieu
39 of distribution to the distributee, be paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the
40 distributee.

41 “(2) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section apply to a distribution of any benefit under
42 the pension program or the individual account program except:

43 “(a) A distribution that is one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments made at least
44 annually for the life or life expectancy of the distributee, or for the joint lives or life expectancies
45 of the distributee and a designated beneficiary;

1 “(b) A distribution that is one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments made at least
2 annually for a specified period of 10 years or more; and

3 “(c) A distribution to the extent that the distribution is required under 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9).

4 “(3) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section apply to any portion of a distribution of
5 benefits under the pension program or the individual account program even though the portion
6 consists of after-tax employee contributions that are not includable in gross income. Any portion of
7 a distribution that consists of after-tax employee contributions that are not includable in gross in-
8 come may be transferred only to an individual retirement account or annuity described in 26 U.S.C.
9 408(a) or (b), or to a qualified defined contribution or defined benefit plan described in 26 U.S.C.
10 401(a) or 403(b) that agrees to account separately for amounts transferred, including accounting
11 separately for the portion of the distribution that is includable in gross income and the portion of
12 the distribution that is not includable in gross income. The amount transferred shall be treated as
13 consisting first of the portion of the distribution that is includable in gross income, determined
14 without regard to 26 U.S.C. 402(c)(1).

15 “(4) The board shall adopt rules implementing the direct rollover requirements of 26 U.S.C.
16 401(a)(31) and the regulations implementing that section, and may adopt administrative exceptions
17 to the direct rollover requirements to the extent permitted by 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(31) and the regu-
18 lations implementing that section.

19 “(5) All references in this section to federal laws and regulations are to the laws and regulations
20 in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**.

21 “(6) For purposes of this section:

22 “(a) ‘Distributee’ means a member, a member’s surviving spouse or a member’s alternate payee
23 under ORS 238.465.

24 “(b) ‘Eligible retirement plan’ means:

25 “(A) An individual retirement account described in 26 U.S.C. 408(a);

26 “(B) An individual retirement annuity described in 26 U.S.C. 408(b), other than an endowment
27 contract;

28 “(C) A qualified trust under 26 U.S.C. 401(a), that is a defined contribution or defined benefit
29 plan and permits the acceptance of rollover contributions;

30 “(D) An annuity plan described in 26 U.S.C. 403(a);

31 “(E) An eligible deferred compensation plan described in 26 U.S.C. 457(b) that is maintained by
32 an eligible governmental employer described in 26 U.S.C. 457(e)(1)(A) and that agrees to account
33 separately for amounts transferred into such plan from the distributing plan; or

34 “(F) An annuity contract described in 26 U.S.C. 403(b).

35 “**SECTION 15.** ORS 238A.435 is amended to read:

36 “238A.435. (1) If a benefit is payable under this chapter to a beneficiary by reason of the death
37 of a member of the system, the beneficiary may elect to have all or part of the distribution of the
38 death benefit paid in an eligible rollover distribution to an individual retirement plan described in
39 26 U.S.C. 408(a), or an individual retirement annuity, other than an endowment contract, described
40 in 26 U.S.C. 408(b), if the plan or annuity is established for the purpose of receiving the eligible
41 rollover distribution on behalf of the designated beneficiary.

42 “(2) Subsection (1) of this section applies to an eligible rollover distribution of death benefits to
43 a beneficiary who is not treated as the spouse of the decedent for federal tax purposes and who is
44 the decedent’s designated beneficiary for the purposes of the minimum required distribution re-
45 quirements of 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9). To the extent provided by rules of the Public Employees Retire-

1 ment Board, a trust maintained for the benefit of one or more beneficiaries must be treated by the
2 board in the same manner as a trust that is designated as a beneficiary for the purposes of the
3 minimum required distribution requirements of 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9).

4 “(3) As used in this section, ‘eligible rollover distribution’ has the meaning given that term in
5 26 U.S.C. 402(c)(4), as in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**.

6 “**SECTION 16.** ORS 305.239 is amended to read:

7 “305.239. (1) Notwithstanding ORS 9.320:

8 “(a) Any person who is qualified to practice law or public accountancy in this state, any person
9 who has been granted active enrollment to practice before the Internal Revenue Service and who
10 is qualified to prepare tax returns in this state or any person who is the authorized employee of a
11 taxpayer and is regularly employed by the taxpayer in tax matters may represent the taxpayer be-
12 fore a tax court magistrate or the Department of Revenue in any conference or proceeding with
13 respect to the administration of any tax.

14 “(b) Any person who is licensed by the State Board of Tax Practitioners or who is exempt from
15 such licensing requirement as provided for and limited by ORS 673.610 may represent a taxpayer
16 before a tax court magistrate or the department in any conference or proceeding with respect to the
17 administration of any tax on or measured by net income.

18 “(c) Any shareholder of an S corporation, as defined in section 1361 of the Internal Revenue
19 Code, as amended and in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**, may represent the corporation in any
20 proceeding before a tax court magistrate or the department in the same manner as if the share-
21 holder were a partner and the S corporation were a partnership. The S corporation must designate
22 in writing a tax matters shareholder authorized to represent the S corporation.

23 “(d) An individual who is licensed as a real estate broker or principal real estate broker under
24 ORS 696.022 or is a state certified appraiser or state licensed appraiser under ORS 674.310 or is a
25 registered appraiser under ORS 308.010 may represent a taxpayer before a tax court magistrate or
26 the department in any conference or proceeding with respect to the administration of any ad
27 valorem property tax.

28 “(e) A general partner who has been designated by members of a partnership as their tax mat-
29 ters partner under ORS 305.242 may represent those partners in any conference or proceeding with
30 respect to the administration of any tax on or measured by net income.

31 “(f) Any person authorized under rules adopted by the department may represent a taxpayer
32 before the department in any conference or proceeding with respect to any tax. Rules adopted under
33 this paragraph, to the extent feasible, shall be consistent with federal law that governs represen-
34 tation before the Internal Revenue Service, as federal law is amended and in effect on December 31,
35 [2023] **2025**.

36 “(g) Any person authorized under rules adopted by the tax court may represent a taxpayer in
37 a proceeding before a tax court magistrate.

38 “(2) A person may not be recognized as representing a taxpayer pursuant to this section unless
39 there is first filed with the magistrate or department a written authorization, or unless it appears
40 to the satisfaction of the magistrate or department that the representative does in fact have au-
41 thority to represent the taxpayer. A person recognized as an authorized representative under rules
42 or procedures adopted by the tax court shall be considered an authorized representative by the de-
43 partment.

44 “(3) A taxpayer represented by someone other than an attorney is bound by all things done by
45 the authorized representative, and may not thereafter claim any proceeding was legally defective

1 because the taxpayer was not represented by an attorney.

2 “(4) Prior to the holding of a conference or proceeding before the tax court magistrate or de-
3 partment, written notice shall be given by the magistrate or department to the taxpayer of the
4 provisions of subsection (3) of this section.

5 “**SECTION 17.** ORS 305.494 is amended to read:

6 “305.494. Notwithstanding ORS 9.320, any shareholder of an S corporation as defined in section
7 1361 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended and in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**, may
8 represent the corporation in any proceeding before the Oregon Tax Court in the same manner as
9 if the shareholder were a partner and the S corporation were a partnership.

10 “**SECTION 18.** ORS 305.690 is amended to read:

11 “305.690. As used in ORS 305.690 to 305.753, unless the context otherwise requires:

12 “(1) ‘Commission’ means the Oregon Charitable Checkoff Commission.

13 “(2) ‘Department’ means the Department of Revenue.

14 “(3) ‘Internal Revenue Code’ means the federal Internal Revenue Code as amended and in effect
15 on December 31, [2023] **2025**.

16 “**SECTION 19.** ORS 305.842 is amended to read:

17 “305.842. As used in ORS 307.130, 307.147, 307.580, 308A.450, 310.140, 310.800 and 311.666,
18 ‘Internal Revenue Code’ means the federal Internal Revenue Code as amended and in effect on De-
19 cember 31, [2023] **2025**.

20 “**SECTION 20.** ORS 314.011 is amended to read:

21 “314.011. (1) As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise, ‘department’ means
22 the Department of Revenue.

23 “(2) As used in this chapter:

24 “(a) Any term has the same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the
25 United States relating to federal income taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly required or the
26 term is specifically defined in this chapter.

27 “(b) Except where the Legislative Assembly has provided otherwise, a reference to the laws of
28 the United States or to the Internal Revenue Code refers to the laws of the United States or to the
29 Internal Revenue Code as they are amended and in effect:

30 “(A) On December 31, [2023] **2025**; or

31 “(B) If related to the definition of taxable income, as applicable to the tax year of the taxpayer.

32 “(c) With respect to ORS 314.105, 314.256 (relating to proxy tax on lobbying expenditures),
33 314.260 (1)(b), 314.302, 314.306, 314.330, 314.360, 314.362, 314.385, 314.402, 314.410, 314.412, 314.525,
34 314.767 (7), 314.771 and 314.772 and other provisions of this chapter, except those described in par-
35 agraph (b) of this subsection, any reference to the laws of the United States or to the Internal Re-
36 venue Code means the laws of the United States relating to income taxes or the Internal Revenue
37 Code as they are amended on or before December 31, [2023] **2025**, even when the amendments take
38 effect or become operative after that date, except where the Legislative Assembly has specifically
39 provided otherwise.

40 “(3) Insofar as is practicable in the administration of this chapter, the department shall apply
41 and follow the administrative and judicial interpretations of the federal income tax law. When a
42 provision of the federal income tax law is the subject of conflicting opinions by two or more federal
43 courts, the department shall follow the rule observed by the United States Commissioner of Internal
44 Revenue until the conflict is resolved. Nothing contained in this section limits the right or duty of
45 the department to audit the return of any taxpayer or to determine any fact relating to the tax li-

1 ability of any taxpayer.

2 “(4) When portions of the Internal Revenue Code incorporated by reference as provided in sub-
3 section (2) of this section refer to rules or regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury,
4 then such rules or regulations shall be regarded as rules adopted by the department under and in
5 accordance with the provisions of this chapter, whenever they are prescribed or amended.

6 “(5)(a) When portions of the Internal Revenue Code incorporated by reference as provided in
7 subsection (2) of this section are later corrected by an Act or a Title within an Act of the United
8 States Congress designated as an Act or Title making technical corrections, then notwithstanding
9 the date that the Act or Title becomes law, those portions of the Internal Revenue Code, as so
10 corrected, shall be the portions of the Internal Revenue Code incorporated by reference as provided
11 in subsection (2) of this section and shall take effect, unless otherwise indicated by the Act or Title
12 (in which case the provisions shall take effect as indicated in the Act or Title), as if originally in-
13 cluded in the provisions of the Act being technically corrected. If, on account of this subsection, any
14 adjustment is required to an Oregon return that would otherwise be prevented by operation of law
15 or rule, the adjustment shall be made, notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, in the
16 manner provided under ORS 314.135.

17 “(b) As used in this subsection, ‘Act or Title’ includes any subtitle, division or other part of an
18 Act or Title.

19 “**SECTION 21.** ORS 314.306 is amended to read:

20 “314.306. (1) If a taxpayer excludes an amount from federal gross income by reason of the dis-
21 charge of indebtedness of the taxpayer under section 108(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (re-
22 lating to discharge of indebtedness in a bankruptcy declared under U.S.C. Title 11), then, with
23 respect to that portion of the excluded amount that is apportioned to Oregon, the taxpayer shall
24 apply the rules in 11 U.S.C. 346(j), as amended and in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**.

25 “(2) If a taxpayer excludes an amount from federal gross income by reason of the discharge of
26 indebtedness of the taxpayer under section 108(a)(1)(B) or (C) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating
27 to discharge of indebtedness in insolvency or discharge of qualified farm indebtedness), then, with
28 respect to that portion of the excluded amount that is apportioned to Oregon, the following para-
29 graphs shall apply, in the following order:

30 “(a) If the taxpayer has made the election under section 108(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code
31 to first reduce the basis of the depreciable property of the taxpayer, the election shall also be ef-
32 fective for Oregon tax purposes. A corresponding reduction in the basis of the depreciable property
33 of the taxpayer shall be made for Oregon tax purposes.

34 “(b) The amount, if any, by which the following attributes are reduced under section 108(b)(1)
35 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal tax purposes shall be added back for Oregon tax purposes:

36 “(A) Federal net operating loss.

37 “(B) Capital loss carryover.

38 “(C) Basis of the property of the taxpayer, excluding amounts subject to the election under
39 section 108(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code.

40 “(D) Passive activity loss carryover.

41 “(c) Excluding amounts subject to the election in section 108(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code:

42 “(A) Any Oregon net operating loss of an individual or corporate taxpayer, including a net op-
43 erating loss carryover to the taxpayer, shall be reduced by the amount of discharged indebtedness.

44 “(B) Any net capital loss for the taxable year of the discharge, and any capital loss carryover
45 to the taxable year, shall be reduced by the amount of discharged indebtedness minus the total

1 amount taken into account under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph.

2 “(C) The basis of the property of the taxpayer shall be reduced by the amount of discharged
3 indebtedness minus the total amount taken into account under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this
4 paragraph.

5 “(D) The passive activity loss carryover under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code from
6 the taxable year of the discharge shall be reduced by the amount of discharged indebtedness minus
7 the total amount taken into account under subparagraphs (A), (B) and (C) of this paragraph.

8 “**SECTION 22.** ORS 315.004 is amended to read:

9 “315.004. (1) Except when the context requires otherwise, the definitions contained in ORS
10 chapters 314, 316, 317 and 318 are applicable in the construction, interpretation and application of
11 the personal and corporate income and excise tax credits contained in this chapter.

12 “(2)(a) For purposes of the tax credits contained in this chapter, any term has the same meaning
13 as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the United States relating to federal income
14 taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly required or the term is specifically defined for purposes
15 of construing, interpreting and applying the credit.

16 “(b) With respect to the tax credits contained in this chapter, any reference to the laws of the
17 United States or to the Internal Revenue Code means the laws of the United States relating to in-
18 come taxes or the Internal Revenue Code as they are amended on or before December 31, [2023]
19 **2025**, even when the amendments take effect or become operative after that date.

20 “(3) Insofar as is practicable in the administration of this chapter, the Department of Revenue
21 shall apply and follow the administrative and judicial interpretations of the federal income tax law.
22 When a provision of the federal income tax law is the subject of conflicting opinions by two or more
23 federal courts, the department shall follow the rule observed by the United States Commissioner of
24 Internal Revenue until the conflict is resolved. Nothing contained in this section limits the right
25 or duty of the department to audit the return of any taxpayer or to determine any fact relating to
26 the tax liability of any taxpayer.

27 “(4) When portions of the Internal Revenue Code incorporated by reference as provided in sub-
28 section (2) of this section refer to rules or regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury,
29 then such rules or regulations shall be regarded as rules adopted by the department under and in
30 accordance with the provisions of this chapter, whenever they are prescribed or amended.

31 “(5)(a) When portions of the Internal Revenue Code incorporated by reference as provided in
32 subsection (2) of this section are later corrected by an Act or a Title within an Act of the United
33 States Congress designated as an Act or Title making technical corrections, then notwithstanding
34 the date that the Act or Title becomes law, those portions of the Internal Revenue Code, as so
35 corrected, shall be the portions of the Internal Revenue Code incorporated by reference as provided
36 in subsection (2) of this section and shall take effect, unless otherwise indicated by the Act or Title
37 (in which case the provisions shall take effect as indicated in the Act or Title), as if originally in-
38 cluded in the provisions of the Act being technically corrected. If, on account of this subsection, any
39 adjustment is required to an Oregon return that would otherwise be prevented by operation of law
40 or rule, the adjustment shall be made, notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, in the
41 manner provided under ORS 314.135.

42 “(b) As used in this subsection, ‘Act or Title’ includes any subtitle, division or other part of an
43 Act or Title.

44 “**SECTION 23.** ORS 316.012 is amended to read:

45 “316.012. Any term used in this chapter has the same meaning as when used in a comparable

1 context in the laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes, unless a different meaning
2 is clearly required or the term is specifically defined in this chapter. Except where the Legislative
3 Assembly has provided otherwise, any reference in this chapter to the laws of the United States or
4 to the Internal Revenue Code refers to the laws of the United States or to the Internal Revenue
5 Code as they are amended and in effect:

6 “(1) On December 31, [2023] **2025**; or

7 “(2) If related to the definition of taxable income, as applicable to the tax year of the taxpayer.

8 “**SECTION 24.** ORS 316.147 is amended to read:

9 “316.147. As used in ORS 316.147 to 316.149, unless the context requires otherwise:

10 “(1) ‘Eligible taxpayer’ includes any individual who must pay taxes otherwise imposed by this
11 chapter and:

12 “(a) Who pays or incurs expenses for the care of a qualified individual, through a payment
13 method determined by rule of the Department of Revenue; and

14 “(b) Who has a household income, for the taxable year, not to exceed the maximum amount of
15 household income allowed in ORS 310.640 (1989 Edition) for a homeowner or renter refund.

16 “(2) ‘Household income’ means the aggregate income of the eligible taxpayer and the spouse of
17 the taxpayer who reside in the household, that was received during a calendar year. ‘Household
18 income’ includes payments received by the eligible taxpayer or the spouse of the taxpayer under the
19 federal Social Security Act for the benefit of a minor child or minor children who reside in the
20 household.

21 “(3) ‘Income’ means ‘adjusted gross income’ as defined in the federal Internal Revenue Code, as
22 amended and in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**, even when the amendments take effect or be-
23 come operative after that date, relating to the measurement of taxable income of individuals, estates
24 and trusts, with the following modifications:

25 “(a) There shall be added to adjusted gross income the following items of otherwise exempt in-
26 come:

27 “(A) The gross amount of any otherwise exempt pension less return of investment, if any.

28 “(B) Child support received by the taxpayer.

29 “(C) Inheritances.

30 “(D) Gifts and grants, the sum of which are in excess of \$500 per year.

31 “(E) Amounts received by a taxpayer or spouse of a taxpayer for support from a parent who is
32 not a member of the taxpayer’s household.

33 “(F) Life insurance proceeds.

34 “(G) Accident and health insurance proceeds, except reimbursement of incurred medical ex-
35 penses.

36 “(H) Personal injury damages.

37 “(I) Sick pay that is not included in federal adjusted gross income.

38 “(J) Strike benefits excluded from federal gross income.

39 “(K) Worker’s compensation, except for reimbursement of medical expense.

40 “(L) Military pay and benefits.

41 “(M) Veteran’s benefits.

42 “(N) Payments received under the federal Social Security Act that are excluded from federal
43 gross income.

44 “(O) Welfare payments, except as follows:

45 “(i) Payments for medical care, drugs and medical supplies, if the payments are not made di-

1 rectly to the welfare recipient;

2 “(ii) In-home services authorized and approved by the Department of Human Services; and

3 “(iii) Direct or indirect reimbursement of expenses paid or incurred for participation in work

4 or training programs.

5 “(P) Nontaxable dividends.

6 “(Q) Nontaxable interest not included in federal adjusted gross income.

7 “(R) Rental allowance paid to a minister that is excluded from federal gross income.

8 “(S) Income from sources without the United States that is excluded from federal gross income.

9 “(b) Adjusted gross income shall be increased due to the disallowance of the following de-

10 ductions:

11 “(A) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from all dispositions of tangible or intan-

12 gible properties.

13 “(B) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from the operation of a farm or farms.

14 “(C) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from all operations of a trade or business,

15 profession or other activity entered into for the production or collection of income.

16 “(D) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from tangible or intangible property held

17 for the production of rents, royalties or other income.

18 “(E) The amount of any net operating loss carryovers or carrybacks included in federal adjusted

19 gross income.

20 “(F) The amount, in excess of \$5,000, of the combined deductions or other allowances for de-

21 preciation, amortization or depletion.

22 “(G) The amount added or subtracted, as required within the context of this section, for ad-

23 justments made under ORS 316.680 (2)(d) and 316.707 to 316.737.

24 “(c) ‘Income’ does not include the following:

25 “(A) Any governmental grant that must be used by the taxpayer for rehabilitation of the home-

26 stead of the taxpayer.

27 “(B) Any refund of Oregon personal income taxes that were imposed under this chapter.

28 “(4) ‘Qualified individual’ includes an individual at least 60 years of age on the date that the

29 expenses described in subsection (1)(a) of this section are paid or incurred by the eligible taxpayer:

30 “(a) Whose household income does not exceed \$7,500 for the calendar year in which the taxable

31 year of the taxpayer begins;

32 “(b) Who is eligible for authorized services as defined in ORS 410.410 under Oregon Project In-

33 dependence;

34 “(c) Who is certified by the Department of Human Services; and

35 “(d) Whose care or any portion thereof is not paid for under ORS chapter 414.

36 “**SECTION 25.** ORS 316.157 is amended to read:

37 “316.157. (1) In the case of an eligible individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the

38 taxes otherwise due under this chapter for the taxable year an amount equal to the lesser of the tax

39 liability of the taxpayer or nine percent of net pension income.

40 “(2) For purposes of this section:

41 “(a) ‘Eligible individual’ means any individual who is receiving pension income and who has at-

42 tained 62 years of age before the close of the taxable year.

43 “(b) ‘Household income’ means the aggregate income of the taxpayer and the spouse of the tax-

44 payer who reside in the household, that was received during the taxable year for which a credit is

45 claimed, except that ‘household income’ does not include Social Security benefits received by the

1 taxpayer or the spouse of the taxpayer.

2 “(c) ‘Income’ means ‘adjusted gross income’ as defined in the federal Internal Revenue Code, as
3 amended and in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**, even when the amendments take effect or be-
4 come operative after that date, relating to the measurement of taxable income of individuals, estates
5 and trusts, with the following modifications:

6 “(A) There shall be added to adjusted gross income the following items of otherwise exempt in-
7 come:

8 “(i) The gross amount of any otherwise exempt pension less return of investment, if any.

9 “(ii) Child support received by the taxpayer.

10 “(iii) Inheritances.

11 “(iv) Gifts and grants, the sum of which are in excess of \$500 per year.

12 “(v) Amounts received by a taxpayer or spouse of a taxpayer for support from a parent who is
13 not a member of the taxpayer’s household.

14 “(vi) Life insurance proceeds.

15 “(vii) Accident and health insurance proceeds, except reimbursement of incurred medical ex-
16 penses.

17 “(viii) Personal injury damages.

18 “(ix) Sick pay that is not included in federal adjusted gross income.

19 “(x) Strike benefits excluded from federal gross income.

20 “(xi) Worker’s compensation, except for reimbursement of medical expense.

21 “(xii) Military pay and benefits.

22 “(xiii) Veteran’s benefits.

23 “(xiv) Payments received under the federal Social Security Act that are excluded from federal
24 gross income.

25 “(xv) Welfare payments, except as follows:

26 “(I) Payments for medical care, drugs and medical supplies, if the payments are not made di-
27 rectly to the welfare recipient;

28 “(II) In-home services authorized and approved by the Department of Human Services; and

29 “(III) Direct or indirect reimbursement of expenses paid or incurred for participation in work
30 or training programs.

31 “(xvi) Nontaxable dividends.

32 “(xvii) Nontaxable interest not included in federal adjusted gross income.

33 “(xviii) Rental allowance paid to a minister that is excluded from federal gross income.

34 “(xix) Income from sources without the United States that is excluded from federal gross income.

35 “(B) Adjusted gross income shall be increased due to the disallowance of the following de-
36 ductions:

37 “(i) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from all dispositions of tangible or intangible
38 properties.

39 “(ii) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from the operation of a farm or farms.

40 “(iii) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from all operations of a trade or business,
41 profession or other activity entered into for the production or collection of income.

42 “(iv) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from tangible or intangible property held
43 for the production of rents, royalties or other income.

44 “(v) The amount of any net operating loss carryovers or carrybacks included in federal adjusted
45 gross income.

1 “(vi) The amount, in excess of \$5,000, of the combined deductions or other allowances for de-
2preciation, amortization or depletion.

3 “(vii) The amount added or subtracted, as required within the context of this section, for ad-
4justments made under ORS 316.680 (2)(d) and 316.707 to 316.737.

5 “(C) ‘Income’ does not include the following:

6 “(i) Any governmental grant that must be used by the taxpayer for rehabilitation of the home-
7stead of the taxpayer.

8 “(ii) Any refund of Oregon personal income taxes that were imposed under this chapter.

9 “(d) ‘Net pension income’ means:

10 “(A) For eligible individuals filing a joint return, the lesser of the pension income of the eligible
11individuals received during the taxable year or the excess, if any, of \$15,000 over the sum of the
12following amounts:

13 “(i) Any Social Security benefits received by the eligible individual, or by the spouse of the in-
14dividual, during the taxable year; and

15 “(ii) The excess, if any, of household income over \$30,000.

16 “(B) For an eligible individual filing a return other than a joint return, the lesser of the pension
17income of the eligible individual received during the taxable year or the excess, if any, of \$7,500
18over the sum of the following amounts:

19 “(i) Any Social Security benefits received by the eligible individual during the taxable year; and

20 “(ii) The excess, if any, of household income over \$15,000.

21 “(e) ‘Pension income’ means income included in Oregon taxable income from:

22 “(A) Distributions from or pursuant to an employee pension benefit plan, as defined in section
233(2) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, which satisfies the requirements of
24section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code;

25 “(B) Distributions from or pursuant to a public retirement system of this state or a political
26subdivision of this state, or a public retirement system created by an Act of this state or a political
27subdivision of this state, or the public retirement system of any other state or local government;

28 “(C) Distributions from or pursuant to a federal retirement system created by the federal gov-
29ernment for any officer or employee of the United States, including any person retired from service
30in the United States Civil Service, the Armed Forces of the United States or any agency or subdi-
31vision thereof;

32 “(D) Distributions or withdrawals from or pursuant to an eligible deferred compensation plan
33which satisfies the requirements of section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code;

34 “(E) Distributions or withdrawals from or pursuant to an individual retirement account, annuity
35or trust or simplified employee pension which satisfies the requirements of section 408 of the Inter-
36nal Revenue Code; and

37 “(F) Distributions or withdrawals from or pursuant to an employee annuity, including custodial
38accounts treated as annuities, subject to section 403 (a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue Code.

39 “(f) ‘Social Security benefits’ means Social Security benefits, as defined in section 86 of the
40Internal Revenue Code (Title II Social Security or tier 1 railroad retirement benefits).

41 “(3) If a change in the taxable year of the eligible individual occurs as described in ORS 314.085,
42or if the Department of Revenue terminates the tax year of the eligible individual under ORS
43314.440, the credit allowed by this section shall be prorated or computed in a manner consistent with
44ORS 314.085.

45 “(4) If a change in the status of the eligible individual from resident to nonresident or from

1 nonresident to resident occurs, the credit allowed by this section shall be determined in a manner
2 consistent with subsection (1) of this section.

3 **“SECTION 26.** ORS 317.010 is amended to read:

4 “317.010. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

5 “(1) ‘Centrally assessed corporation’ means every corporation the property of which is assessed
6 by the Department of Revenue under ORS 308.505 to 308.674.

7 “(2) ‘Department’ means the Department of Revenue.

8 “(3)(a) ‘Consolidated federal return’ means the return permitted or required to be filed by a
9 group of affiliated corporations under section 1501 of the Internal Revenue Code.

10 “(b) ‘Consolidated state return’ means the return required to be filed under ORS 317.710 (5).

11 “(4) ‘Doing business’ means any transaction or transactions in the course of its activities con-
12 ducted within the state by a national banking association, or any other corporation; provided, how-
13 ever, that a foreign corporation whose activities in this state are confined to purchases of personal
14 property, and the storage thereof incident to shipment outside the state, shall not be deemed to be
15 doing business unless such foreign corporation is an affiliate of another foreign or domestic corpo-
16 ration which is doing business in Oregon. Whether or not corporations are affiliated shall be de-
17 termined as provided in section 1504 of the Internal Revenue Code.

18 “(5) ‘Excise tax’ means a tax measured by or according to net income imposed upon national
19 banking associations, all other banks, and financial, centrally assessed, mercantile, manufacturing
20 and business corporations for the privilege of carrying on or doing business in this state.

21 “(6) ‘Financial institution’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 314.610 except that it does
22 not include a credit union as defined in ORS 723.006, an interstate credit union as defined in ORS
23 723.001 or a federal credit union.

24 “(7) ‘Internal Revenue Code,’ except where the Legislative Assembly has provided otherwise,
25 refers to the laws of the United States or to the Internal Revenue Code as they are amended and
26 in effect:

27 “(a) On December 31, [2023] **2025**; or

28 “(b) If related to the definition of taxable income, as applicable to the tax year of the taxpayer.

29 “(8) ‘Oregon taxable income’ means taxable income, less the deduction allowed under ORS
30 317.476, except as otherwise provided with respect to insurers in subsection (11) of this section and
31 ORS 317.650 to 317.665.

32 “(9) ‘Oregon net loss’ means taxable loss, except as otherwise provided with respect to insurers
33 in subsection (11) of this section and ORS 317.650 to 317.665.

34 “(10) ‘Taxable income or loss’ means the taxable income or loss determined, or in the case of a
35 corporation for which no federal taxable income or loss is determined, as would be determined, un-
36 der chapter 1, Subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code and any other laws of the United States
37 relating to the determination of taxable income or loss of corporate taxpayers, with the additions,
38 subtractions, adjustments and other modifications as are specifically prescribed by this chapter ex-
39 cept that in determining taxable income or loss for any year, no deduction under ORS 317.476 or
40 317.478 and section 45b, chapter 293, Oregon Laws 1987, shall be allowed. If the corporation is a
41 corporation to which ORS 314.280 or 314.605 to 314.675 (requiring or permitting apportionment of
42 income from transactions or activities carried on both within and without the state) applies, to
43 derive taxable income or loss, the following shall occur:

44 “(a) From the amount otherwise determined under this subsection, subtract nonapportionable
45 income, or add nonapportionable loss, whichever is applicable.

1 “(b) Multiply the amount determined under paragraph (a) of this subsection by the Oregon ap-
2 portionment percentage defined under ORS 314.280, 314.650 or 314.667, whichever is applicable. The
3 resulting product shall be Oregon apportioned income or loss.

4 “(c) To the amount determined as Oregon apportioned income or loss under paragraph (b) of this
5 subsection, add nonapportionable income allocable entirely to Oregon under ORS 314.280 or 314.625
6 to 314.645, or subtract nonapportionable loss allocable entirely to Oregon under ORS 314.280 or
7 314.625 to 314.645. The resulting figure is ‘taxable income or loss’ for those corporations carrying
8 on taxable transactions or activities both within and without Oregon.

9 “(11) As used in ORS 317.650 to 317.665, ‘insurer’ means any domestic, foreign or alien insurer
10 as defined in ORS 731.082 and any interinsurance and reciprocal exchange and its attorney in fact
11 with respect to its attorney in fact net income as a corporate attorney in fact acting as attorney in
12 compliance with ORS 731.458, 731.462, 731.466 and 731.470 for the reciprocal or interinsurance ex-
13 change. However, ‘insurer’ does not include title insurers or health care service contractors oper-
14 ating pursuant to ORS 750.005 to 750.095.

15 “**SECTION 27.** ORS 317.097 is amended to read:

16 “317.097. (1) As used in this section:

17 “(a) ‘Annual rate’ means the yearly interest rate specified on the note, and not the annual per-
18 centage rate, if any, disclosed to the applicant to comply with the federal Truth in Lending Act.

19 “(b) ‘Bonds’ means a bond, as defined in ORS 286A.001, if issued on behalf of the Housing and
20 Community Services Department, or bonds, as defined in ORS 456.055, if issued by a housing au-
21 thority.

22 “(c) ‘Finance charge’ means the total of all interest, loan fees, interest on any loan fees financed
23 by the lending institution, and other charges related to the cost of obtaining credit.

24 “(d) ‘Lending institution’ means any insured institution, as that term is defined in ORS 706.008,
25 any mortgage banking company that maintains an office in this state or any community development
26 corporation that is organized under the Oregon Nonprofit Corporation Law.

27 “(e) ‘Limited equity cooperative’ means a cooperative corporation formed under ORS chapter 62
28 whose articles of incorporation, in addition to the other requirements of ORS chapter 62, prohibit
29 members from selling their ownership interests:

30 “(A) To any person other than a low income person; or

31 “(B) For a sales price that exceeds the sum of:

32 “(i) The price the member paid for the ownership interest;

33 “(ii) The cost of any permanent improvements the member made to the housing unit during the
34 member’s ownership;

35 “(iii) Any special assessments the member paid to the limited equity cooperative during the
36 member’s ownership that were expended to make permanent improvements to the building in which
37 the member’s housing unit is located; and

38 “(iv) A return on the amounts described in sub-subparagraphs (i) to (iii) of this subparagraph,
39 computed from the year in which the respective amount was paid, that equals the greater of the
40 result of adjusting each amount by the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index for
41 All Urban Consumers, West Region (All Items), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the
42 United States Department of Labor, or of increasing each amount by three percent compounded
43 annually.

44 “(f) ‘Manufactured dwelling park’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 446.003.

45 “(g) ‘Nonprofit corporation’ means a corporation that is exempt from income taxes under section

1 501(c)(3) or (4) of the Internal Revenue Code as amended and in effect on December 31, [2023]
2 **2025.**

3 “(h) ‘Preservation project’ means housing that was previously developed as affordable housing
4 with a contract for rent assistance from the United States Department of Housing and Urban De-
5 velopment or the United States Department of Agriculture and that is being acquired by a spon-
6 soring entity.

7 “(i) ‘Qualified assignee’ means any investor participating in the secondary market for real estate
8 loans.

9 “(j) ‘Qualified borrower’ means any borrower that is a sponsoring entity that has a controlling
10 interest in the real property that is financed by a qualified loan. A controlling interest includes a
11 controlling interest in the general partner of a limited partnership that owns the real property.

12 “(k) ‘Qualified loan’ means:

13 “(A) A loan that meets the criteria stated in subsection (5) of this section or that is made to
14 refinance a loan that meets the criteria described in subsection (5) of this section;

15 “(B) The purchase by a lending institution of bonds, the proceeds of which are used to finance
16 or refinance a loan that meets the criteria described in subsection (5) of this section; or

17 “(C) A qualified mortgage loan fund.

18 “(L) ‘Qualified mortgage loan fund’ means a fund that:

19 “(A) Is operated by a lending institution described in subsection (12) of this section;

20 “(B) Makes mortgages to first-time home buyers;

21 “(C) Makes mortgages for homes subject to a land trust mortgage; and

22 “(D) Makes mortgages to households that, at the time of mortgage origination, have income that
23 is 80 percent or less of area median income as defined in ORS 458.610.

24 “(m) ‘Sponsoring entity’ means a nonprofit corporation, nonprofit cooperative, state govern-
25 mental entity, local unit of government as defined in ORS 466.706, housing authority or any other
26 person, provided that the person has agreed to restrictive covenants imposed by a nonprofit corpo-
27 ration, nonprofit cooperative, state governmental entity, local unit of government or housing au-
28 thority.

29 “(2) The Department of Revenue shall allow a credit against taxes otherwise due under this
30 chapter for the tax year to a lending institution that makes a qualified loan certified by the Housing
31 and Community Services Department as provided in subsection (7) of this section. The amount of the
32 credit is equal to the difference between:

33 “(a) The amount of finance charge charged by the lending institution during the tax year at an
34 annual rate less than the market rate for a qualified loan that complies with the requirements of this
35 section; and

36 “(b) The amount of finance charge that would have been charged during the tax year by the
37 lending institution for the qualified loan for housing construction, development, acquisition or re-
38 habilitation measured at the annual rate charged by the lending institution for unsubsidized loans
39 made under like terms and conditions at the time the qualified loan for housing construction, de-
40 velopment, acquisition or rehabilitation is made.

41 “(3) The maximum amount of credit for the difference between the amounts described in sub-
42 section (2)(a) and (b) of this section may not exceed four percent of the average unpaid balance of
43 the qualified loan during the tax year for which the credit is claimed.

44 “(4) Any tax credit allowed under this section that is not used by the taxpayer in a particular
45 year may be carried forward and offset against the taxpayer’s tax liability for the next succeeding

1 tax year. Any credit remaining unused in the next succeeding tax year may be carried forward and
2 used in the second succeeding tax year, and likewise, any credit not used in that second succeeding
3 tax year may be carried forward and used in the third succeeding tax year, and any credit not used
4 in that third succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the fourth succeeding tax year,
5 and any credit not used in that fourth succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the
6 fifth succeeding tax year, but may not be carried forward for any tax year thereafter.

7 “(5) To be eligible for the tax credit allowable under this section, a lending institution must
8 make a qualified loan by either purchasing bonds, the proceeds of which are used to finance or re-
9 finance a loan that meets the criteria stated in this subsection, or making a loan directly to:

10 “(a) An individual or individuals who own a dwelling, participate in an owner-occupied commu-
11 nity rehabilitation program and are certified by the local government or its designated agent as
12 having an income level when the loan is made of 80 percent of the area median income or less;

13 “(b) A qualified borrower who:

14 “(A) Uses the loan proceeds to finance construction, development, acquisition or rehabilitation
15 of housing, including housing in the form of a limited equity cooperative; and

16 “(B) Provides a written certification executed by the Housing and Community Services Depart-
17 ment that the:

18 “(i) Housing created by the loan is or will be occupied by households earning 80 percent of the
19 area median income or less; and

20 “(ii) Full amount of savings from the reduced interest rate provided by the lending institution
21 is or will be passed on, in the form of reduced housing payments, to the tenants or to the holders
22 of proprietary leases in a limited equity cooperative;

23 “(c) Subject to subsection (14) of this section, a qualified borrower who:

24 “(A) Uses the loan proceeds to finance construction, development, acquisition or rehabilitation
25 of housing consisting of a manufactured dwelling park; and

26 “(B) Provides a written certification executed by the Housing and Community Services Depart-
27 ment that the housing will continue to be operated as a manufactured dwelling park during the pe-
28 riod for which the tax credit is allowed;

29 “(d) A qualified borrower who:

30 “(A) Uses the loan proceeds to finance acquisition or rehabilitation of housing consisting of a
31 preservation project; and

32 “(B) Provides a written certification executed by the Housing and Community Services Depart-
33 ment that the housing preserved by the loan:

34 “(i) Is or will be occupied by households earning 80 percent of the area median income or less;
35 and

36 “(ii) Is the subject of a rent assistance contract with the United States Department of Housing
37 and Urban Development or the United States Department of Agriculture that will be maintained by
38 the qualified borrower;

39 “(e) A qualified borrower who:

40 “(A) Uses the loan proceeds to finance construction, development, acquisition or rehabilitation
41 of housing; and

42 “(B) Provides a written certification executed by the Housing and Community Services Depart-
43 ment or the governmental party to the rent assistance contract that the housing preserved by the
44 loan:

45 “(i) Is or will be occupied by households earning 80 percent of the area median income or less;

1 and

2 “(ii) Is the subject of a rent assistance contract with the federal government or with a state or
3 local government that will be maintained by the qualified borrower and that limits a tenant’s rent
4 to no more than 30 percent of their income;

5 “(f) A qualified borrower who:

6 “(A) Uses the loan proceeds to finance preservation or rehabilitation of housing; and
7 “(B) Provides a written certification executed by the Housing and Community Services Depart-
8 ment that the housing preserved or rehabilitated by the loan:

9 “(i) Is or will be occupied by households earning 80 percent of the area median income or less;
10 and

11 “(ii) Is currently characterized by financial or physical distress that threatens its ongoing vi-
12 ability as an affordable housing resource; or

13 “(g) A qualified mortgage loan fund.

14 “(6) A loan made to refinance a loan that meets the criteria stated in subsection (5) of this
15 section must be treated the same as a loan that meets the criteria stated in subsection (5) of this
16 section.

17 “(7) For a qualified loan to be eligible for the tax credit allowable under this section, the
18 Housing and Community Services Department must execute a written certification for the qualified
19 loan that:

20 “(a) States that the qualified loan is within the limitation imposed by subsection (8) of this sec-
21 tion; and

22 “(b) Specifies the period, as determined by the Housing and Community Services Department,
23 during which the tax credit is allowed for the qualified loan, not to exceed:

24 “(A) 30 years, for a qualified loan with a contract for rent assistance or financing resources
25 from the United States Department of Agriculture, for new housing construction, acquisition of
26 housing or a preservation project; or

27 “(B) 20 years, for any other type of qualified loan.

28 “(8) The Housing and Community Services Department may certify qualified loans that are eli-
29 gible under subsection (5) of this section if the total credits attributable to all qualified loans eligible
30 for credits under this section and then outstanding do not exceed \$35 million for any fiscal year. In
31 making loan certifications under subsection (7) of this section, the Housing and Community Services
32 Department shall attempt to distribute the tax credits statewide, but shall concentrate the tax
33 credits in those areas of the state that are determined by the Oregon Housing Stability Council to
34 have the greatest need for affordable housing.

35 “(9) The tax credit provided for in this section may be taken whether or not:

36 “(a) The financial institution is eligible to take a federal income tax credit under section 42 of
37 the Internal Revenue Code with respect to the project financed by the qualified loan;

38 “(b) The project receives financing from bonds, the interest on which is exempt from federal
39 taxation under section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code; or

40 “(c) The project receives moneys from the Elderly and Disabled Housing Fund under ORS
41 456.535.

42 “(10) For a qualified loan defined in subsection (1)(k)(B) of this section financed through the
43 purchase of bonds, the interest of which is exempt from federal taxation under section 103 of the
44 Internal Revenue Code, the amount of finance charge that would have been charged under sub-
45 section (2)(b) of this section is determined by reference to the finance charge that would have been

1 charged if the federally tax exempt bonds had been issued and the tax credit under this section did
2 not apply.

3 “(11) A lending institution may sell a qualified loan for which a certification has been executed
4 to a qualified assignee whether or not the lending institution retains servicing of the qualified loan
5 so long as a designated lending institution maintains records, annually verified by a loan servicer,
6 that establish the amount of tax credit earned by the taxpayer throughout each year of eligibility.

7 “(12) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a lending institution that is a community de-
8 velopment corporation organized under the Oregon Nonprofit Corporation Law may transfer all or
9 part of a tax credit allowed under this section to one or more other lending institutions that are
10 stockholders or members of the community development corporation or that otherwise participate
11 through the community development corporation in the making of one or more qualified loans for
12 which the tax credit under this section is allowed.

13 “(13) The lending institution shall file an annual statement with the Housing and Community
14 Services Department, specifying that it has conformed with all requirements imposed by law to
15 qualify for a tax credit under this section.

16 “(14) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(j) and (m) of this section, a qualified borrower on a loan to
17 finance the construction, development, acquisition or rehabilitation of a manufactured dwelling park
18 under subsection (5)(c) of this section must be:

19 “(a) A nonprofit corporation, manufactured dwelling park nonprofit cooperative, state govern-
20 mental entity, local unit of government as defined in ORS 466.706 or housing authority; or

21 “(b) A nonprofit corporation or housing authority that has a controlling interest in the real
22 property that is financed by a qualified loan. A controlling interest includes a controlling interest
23 in the general partner of a limited partnership that owns the real property.

24 “(15) The Department of Revenue may require that a lending institution that has earned the
25 credit and a lending institution that intends to claim the credit jointly file a notice, as prescribed
26 by the Department of Revenue. The notice must comply with ORS 315.056 (2) or 315.058 (2).

27 “(16) The Housing and Community Services Department shall provide information to the De-
28 partment of Revenue about all certifications executed under this section, if required by ORS 315.058.

29 “(17) The Housing and Community Services Department and the Department of Revenue may
30 adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section.

31 “**SECTION 28.** ORS 317A.100, as amended by section 6, chapter 502, Oregon Laws 2025, is
32 amended to read:

33 “317A.100. As used in ORS 317A.100 to 317A.158:

34 “(1)(a) ‘Commercial activity’ means:

35 “(A) The total amount realized by a person, arising from transactions and activity in the regular
36 course of the person’s trade or business, without deduction for expenses incurred by the trade or
37 business;

38 “(B) If received by a financial institution:

39 “(i) If the reporting person for a financial institution is a holding company, all items of income
40 reported on the FR Y-9 filed by the holding company;

41 “(ii) If the reporting person for a financial institution is a bank organization, all items of income
42 reported on the call report filed by the bank organization; and

43 “(iii) If the reporting person for a financial institution is a nonbank financial organization, all
44 items of income reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and

45 “(C)(i) If received by an insurer, as reported on the statement of premiums accompanying the

1 annual statement required under ORS 731.574 to be filed with the Director of the Department of
2 Consumer and Business Services, all gross direct life insurance premiums, gross direct accident and
3 health insurance premiums and gross direct property and casualty insurance premiums; and

4 “(ii) The gross amount of surplus lines premiums received on Oregon home state risks as shown
5 in the report required by ORS 735.465.

6 “(b) ‘Commercial activity’ does not include:

7 “(A) Interest income except:

8 “(i) Interest on credit sales; or

9 “(ii) Interest income, including service charges, received by financial institutions;

10 “(B) Receipts from the sale, exchange or other disposition of an asset described in section 1221
11 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code, without regard to the length of time the person held the asset;

12 “(C) If received by an insurer, federally reinsured premiums or income from transactions be-
13 tween a reciprocal insurer and its attorney in fact operating under ORS 731.142;

14 “(D) Receipts from hedging transactions, to the extent that the transactions are entered into
15 primarily to protect a financial position, including transactions intended to manage the risk of ex-
16 posure to foreign currency fluctuations that affect assets, liabilities, profits, losses, equity or in-
17 vestments in foreign operations, risk of exposure to interest rate fluctuations or risk of commodity
18 price fluctuations;

19 “(E) Proceeds received attributable to the repayment, maturity or redemption of the principal
20 of a loan, bond, mutual fund, certificate of deposit or marketable instrument;

21 “(F) The principal amount received under a repurchase agreement or on account of any trans-
22 action properly characterized as a loan to the person;

23 “(G) Contributions received by a trust, plan or other arrangement, any of which is described in
24 section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, or to which title 26, subtitle A, chapter 1, subchapter
25 (D) of the Internal Revenue Code applies;

26 “(H) Compensation, whether current or deferred, and whether in cash or in kind, received or to
27 be received by an employee, a former employee or the employee’s legal successor for services ren-
28 dered to or for an employer, including reimbursements received by or for an individual for medical
29 or education expenses, health insurance premiums or employee expenses or on account of a de-
30 pendent care spending account, legal services plan, any cafeteria plan described in section 125 of
31 the Internal Revenue Code or any similar employee reimbursement;

32 “(I) Proceeds received from the issuance of the taxpayer’s own stock, options, warrants, puts or
33 calls, or from the sale of the taxpayer’s treasury stock;

34 “(J) Proceeds received on the account of payments from insurance policies, including crop in-
35 surance policies, owned by the taxpayer, except those proceeds received for the loss of commercial
36 activity;

37 “(K) Gifts or charitable contributions received, membership dues received by trade, professional,
38 homeowners’ or condominium associations, payments received for educational courses, meetings or
39 meals, or similar payments to a trade, professional or other similar association, and fundraising re-
40 cepts received by any person when any excess receipts are donated or used exclusively for chari-
41 table purposes;

42 “(L) Damages received as the result of litigation in excess of amounts that, if received without
43 litigation, would be treated as commercial activity;

44 “(M) Property, money and other amounts received or acquired by an agent on behalf of another
45 in excess of the agent’s commission, fee or other remuneration;

1 “(N) Tax refunds from any tax program, other tax benefit recoveries and reimbursements for the
2 tax imposed under ORS 317A.100 to 317A.158 made by entities that are part of the same unitary
3 group as provided under ORS 317A.106, and reimbursements made by entities that are not members
4 of a unitary group that are required to be made for economic parity among multiple owners of an
5 entity whose tax obligation under ORS 317A.100 to 317A.158 is required to be reported and paid
6 entirely by one owner, as provided in ORS 317A.106;

7 “(O) Pension reversions;

8 “(P) Contributions to capital;

9 “(Q) Receipts from the sale, transfer, exchange or other disposition of motor vehicle fuel or any
10 other product used for the propulsion of motor vehicles;

11 “(R) In the case of receipts from the sale of cigarettes or tobacco products by a wholesale
12 dealer, retail dealer, distributor, manufacturer or seller, an amount equal to the federal and state
13 excise taxes paid by any person on or for such cigarettes or tobacco products under subtitle E of
14 the Internal Revenue Code or ORS chapter 323;

15 “(S) In the case of receipts from the sale of malt beverages or wine, as defined in ORS 471.001,
16 cider, as defined in ORS 471.023 or distilled liquor, as defined in ORS 471.001, by a person holding
17 a license issued under ORS chapter 471, an amount equal to the federal and state excise taxes paid
18 by any person on or for such malt beverages, wine or distilled liquor under subtitle E of the Internal
19 Revenue Code or ORS chapter 471 or 473, and any amount paid to the Oregon Liquor and Cannabis
20 Commission for sales of distilled spirits by an agent appointed under ORS 471.750;

21 “(T) In the case of receipts from the sale of marijuana items, as defined in ORS 475C.009, by a
22 person holding a license issued under ORS 475C.005 to 475C.525, an amount equal to the federal and
23 state excise taxes paid by any person on or for such marijuana items under subtitle E of the Internal
24 Revenue Code or ORS 475C.670 to 475C.734 and any local retail taxes authorized under ORS
25 475C.453;

26 “(U) Local taxes collected by a restaurant or other food establishment on sales of meals, pre-
27 pared food or beverages;

28 “(V) Tips or gratuities collected by a restaurant or other food establishment and passed on to
29 employees;

30 “(W) Receipts realized by a vehicle dealer certified under ORS 822.020 or a person described in
31 ORS 320.400 (8)(a)(B) from the sale or other transfer of a motor vehicle, as defined in ORS 801.360,
32 to another vehicle dealer for the purpose of resale by the transferee vehicle dealer, but only if the
33 sale or other transfer was based upon the transferee’s need to meet a specific customer’s preference
34 for a motor vehicle or is an exchange of new vehicles between franchised motor vehicle dealerships;

35 “(X) Registration fees or taxes collected by a vehicle dealer certified under ORS 822.020 or a
36 person described in ORS 320.400 (8)(a)(B) at the sale or other transfer of a motor vehicle, as defined
37 in ORS 801.360, that are owed to a third party by the purchaser of the motor vehicle and passed to
38 the third party by the dealer;

39 “(Y) Receipts from a financial institution for services provided to the financial institution in
40 connection with the issuance, processing, servicing and management of loans or credit accounts, if
41 the financial institution and the recipient of the receipts have at least 50 percent of their ownership
42 interests owned or controlled, directly or constructively through related interests, by common own-
43 ers;

44 “(Z) In the case of amounts retained as commissions by a holder of a license under ORS chapter
45 462, an amount equal to the amounts specified under ORS chapter 462 that must be paid to or col-

1 lected by the Department of Revenue as a tax and the amounts specified under ORS chapter 462 to
2 be used as purse money;

3 “(AA) Receipts of residential care facilities as defined in ORS 443.400 or in-home care agencies
4 as defined in ORS 443.305, to the extent that the receipts are derived from or received as compen-
5 sation for providing services to a medical assistance or Medicare recipient;

6 “(BB) Dividends received;

7 “(CC) Distributive income received from a pass-through entity;

8 “(DD) Receipts from sales to a wholesaler in this state, if the seller receives certification at the
9 time of sale from the wholesaler that the wholesaler will sell the purchased property outside this
10 state;

11 “(EE) Receipts from the wholesale or retail sale of groceries, including receipts of a person that
12 owns groceries at the time of sale and compensation of any consignee engaged in effecting the sale
13 of groceries on behalf the owner of the groceries, but only to the extent that the compensation re-
14 lates to grocery sales;

15 “(FF) Receipts from transactions among members of a unitary group;

16 “(GG) Moneys, including public purpose charge moneys collected under ORS 757.612 and moneys
17 collected to plan for and pursue cost-effective energy efficiency resources under ORS 757.054, that
18 are collected from customers, passed to a utility and approved by the Public Utility Commission and
19 that support energy conservation, renewable resource acquisition and low-income assistance pro-
20 grams;

21 “(HH) Moneys collected by a utility from customers for the payment of loans through on-bill fi-
22 nancing;

23 “(II) Surcharges collected under ORS 757.736;

24 “(JJ) Moneys passed to a utility by the Bonneville Power Administration for the purpose of
25 effectuating the Regional Power Act Exchange credits or pursuant to any settlement associated with
26 the exchange credit;

27 “(KK) Moneys collected or recovered, by entities listed in ORS 756.310, cable operators as de-
28 fined in 47 U.S.C. 522(5), telecommunications carriers as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153(51) and providers
29 of information services as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153(24), for fees payable under ORS 756.310, right-of-
30 way fees, franchise fees, privilege taxes, federal taxes and local taxes;

31 “(LL) Charges assessed under ORS 759.685 and paid into the Residential Service Protection
32 Fund;

33 “(MM) Universal service surcharge moneys collected or recovered and paid into the universal
34 service fund established in ORS 759.425;

35 “(NN) Moneys collected for public purpose funding as described in ORS 759.430;

36 “(OO) Moneys collected or recovered and paid into the federal universal service fund as deter-
37 mined by the Federal Communications Commission;

38 “(PP) In the case of a seller or provider of telecommunications services, the amount of tax im-
39 posed under ORS 403.200 for access to the emergency communications system that is collected from
40 subscribers or consumers;

41 “(QQ) In the case of a transient lodging tax collector, the amount of tax imposed under ORS
42 320.305 and of any local transient lodging tax imposed upon the occupancy of transit lodging;

43 “(RR) In the case of a seller of bicycles, the amount of tax imposed under ORS 320.415 upon
44 retail sales of bicycles;

45 “(SS) In the case of a qualified heavy equipment provider, the amount of tax imposed under ORS

1 307.872 upon the rental price of heavy equipment;

2 “(TT) Farmer sales to an agricultural cooperative in this state that is a cooperative organization
3 described in section 1381 of the Internal Revenue Code;

4 “(UU) Revenue received by a business entity that is mandated by contract or subcontract to be
5 distributed to another person or entity if the revenue constitutes sales commissions that are paid
6 to a person who is not an employee of the business entity, including, without limitation, a split-fee
7 real estate commission;

8 “(VV) Receipts from the sale of fluid milk by dairy farmers that are not members of an agri-
9 cultural cooperative; and

10 “(WW)(i) Cost paid by a dealer for items of precious metal.

11 “(ii) As used in this subparagraph, ‘item of precious metal’ means an item of gold, silver,
12 platinum, rhodium or palladium that has been put through a process of smelting or refining and that
13 is in a state or condition that its value depends on its contents and not its form.

14 “(2) ‘Cost inputs’ means:

15 “(a) The cost of goods sold as calculated in arriving at federal taxable income under the Internal
16 Revenue Code; or

17 “(b) In the case of a taxpayer that is engaged in a farming operation, as defined in ORS
18 317A.102, and that does not report cost of goods sold for federal tax purposes, the taxpayer’s oper-
19 ating expenses excluding labor costs.

20 “(3) ‘Doing business’ means engaging in any activity, whether legal or illegal, that is conducted
21 for, or results in, the receipt of commercial activity at any time during a calendar year.

22 “(4) ‘Excluded person’ means any of the following:

23 “(a) Organizations described in sections 501(c) and 501(j) of the Internal Revenue Code, unless
24 the exemption is denied under section 501(h), (i) or (m) or under section 502, 503 or 505 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code.

26 “(b) Organizations described in section 501(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, unless the ex-
27 emption is denied under section 502 or 503 of the Internal Revenue Code.

28 “(c) Organizations described in section 501(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.

29 “(d) Organizations described in section 501(f) of the Internal Revenue Code.

30 “(e) Charitable risk pools described in section 501(n) of the Internal Revenue Code.

31 “(f) Organizations described in section 521 of the Internal Revenue Code.

32 “(g) Qualified state tuition programs described in section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

33 “(h) Foreign or alien insurance companies, but only with respect to the underwriting profit de-
34 rived from writing wet marine and transportation insurance subject to tax under ORS 731.824 and
35 731.828 or if an insurance company is subject to the retaliatory tax under ORS 731.854 and 731.859.

36 “(i) Governmental entities.

37 “(j) Any person with commercial activity that does not exceed \$750,000 for the tax year, other
38 than a person that is part of a unitary group as provided in ORS 317A.106 with commercial activity
39 in excess of \$750,000.

40 “(k) Hospitals subject to assessment under ORS 414.855, long term care facilities subject to as-
41 sessment under ORS 409.801 or any entity subject to assessment under ORS 414.880 or section 3 or
42 5, chapter 538, Oregon Laws 2017.

43 “(L) Manufactured dwelling park nonprofit (cooperatives organized under ORS chapter 62.

44 “(5) ‘Financial institution’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 314.610, except that ‘financial
45 institution’ does not include a credit union.

1 “(6)(a) ‘FR Y-9’ means the consolidated or parent-only financial statements that a holding com-
2 pany is required to file with the Federal Reserve Board pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 1844.

3 “(b) In the case of a holding company required to file both consolidated and parent-only financial
4 statements, ‘FR Y-9’ means the consolidated financial statements that the holding company is re-
5 quired to file.

6 “(7) ‘Governmental entity’ means:

7 “(a) The United States and any of its unincorporated agencies and instrumentalities.

8 “(b) Any incorporated agency or instrumentality of the United States wholly owned by the
9 United States or by a corporation wholly owned by the United States.

10 “(c) The State of Oregon and any of its unincorporated agencies and instrumentalities.

11 “(d) Any county, city, district or other political subdivision of the state.

12 “(e) A special government body as defined in ORS 174.117.

13 “(f) A federally recognized Indian tribe.

14 “(8) ‘Groceries’ means food as defined in 7 U.S.C. 2012(k), but does not include cannabinoid
15 edibles or marijuana seeds.

16 “(9)(a) ‘Hedging transaction’ means a hedging transaction as defined in section 1221 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code or a transaction accorded hedge accounting treatment under Financial Ac-
18 counting Standards Board Statement No. 133.

19 “(b) ‘Hedging transaction’ does not include a transaction in which an actual transfer of title of
20 real or tangible property to another entity occurs.

21 “(10) ‘Insurer’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 317.010.

22 “(11) ‘Internal Revenue Code,’ except where the Legislative Assembly has provided otherwise,
23 refers to the laws of the United States or to the Internal Revenue Code as they are amended and
24 in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**.

25 “(12) ‘Labor costs’ means total compensation of all employees, not to include compensation paid
26 to any single employee in excess of \$500,000.

27 “(13)(a) ‘Motor vehicle fuel or any other product used for the propulsion of motor vehicles’
28 means:

29 “(A) Motor vehicle fuel as defined in ORS 319.010; and

30 “(B) Fuel the use of which in a motor vehicle is subject to taxation under ORS 319.530.

31 “(b) ‘Motor vehicle fuel or any other product used for the propulsion of motor vehicles’ does not
32 mean:

33 “(A) Electricity; or

34 “(B) Electric batteries or any other mechanical or physical component or accessory of a motor
35 vehicle.

36 “(14) ‘Person’ includes individuals, combinations of individuals of any form, receivers, assignees,
37 trustees in bankruptcy, firms, companies, joint-stock companies, business trusts, estates, partner-
38 ships, limited liability partnerships, limited liability companies, associations, joint ventures, clubs,
39 societies, entities organized as for-profit corporations under ORS chapter 60, C corporations, S cor-
40 porations, qualified subchapter S subsidiaries, qualified subchapter S trusts, trusts, entities that are
41 disregarded for federal income tax purposes and any other entities.

42 “(15) ‘Retailer’ means a person doing business by selling tangible personal property to a pur-
43 chaser for a purpose other than:

44 “(a) Resale by the purchaser of the property as tangible personal property in the regular course
45 of business;

1 “(b) Incorporation by the purchaser of the property in the course of regular business as an in-
2 gredient or component of real or personal property; or

3 “(c) Consumption by the purchaser of the property in the production for sale of a new article
4 of tangible personal property.

5 “(16) ‘Taxable commercial activity’ means commercial activity sourced to this state under ORS
6 317A.128, less any subtraction pursuant to ORS 317A.119.

7 “(17)(a) ‘Taxpayer’ means any person or unitary group required to register, file or pay tax under
8 ORS 317A.100 to 317A.158.

9 “(b) ‘Taxpayer’ does not include excluded persons, except to the extent that a tax-exempt entity
10 has unrelated business income as described in the Internal Revenue Code.

11 “(18) ‘Tax year’ means, except as otherwise provided in ORS 317A.103, a taxpayer’s annual ac-
12 counting period used for federal income tax purposes under section 441 of the Internal Revenue
13 Code.

14 “(19)(a) ‘Unitary business’ means a business enterprise in which there exists directly or indi-
15 rectly between the members or parts of the enterprise a sharing or exchange of value as demon-
16 strated by:

17 “(A) Centralized management or a common executive force;

18 “(B) Centralized administrative services or functions resulting in economies of scale; or

19 “(C) Flow of goods, capital resources or services demonstrating functional integration.

20 “(b) ‘Unitary business’ may include a business enterprise the activities of which:

21 “(A) Are in the same general line of business, such as manufacturing, wholesaling or retailing;
22 or

23 “(B) Constitute steps in a vertically integrated process, such as the steps involved in the pro-
24 duction of natural resources, which might include exploration, mining, refining and marketing.

25 “(20) ‘Unitary group’ means a group of persons with more than 50 percent common ownership,
26 either direct or indirect, that is engaged in business activities that constitute a unitary business.

27 “(21) ‘Wholesaler’ means a person primarily doing business by merchant distribution of tangible
28 personal property to retailers or to other wholesalers.

29 “**SECTION 29.** ORS 317A.100, as amended by section 20, chapter 4, Oregon Laws 2025, and
30 section 6, chapter 502, Oregon Laws 2025, is amended to read:

31 “317A.100. As used in ORS 317A.100 to 317A.158:

32 “(1)(a) ‘Commercial activity’ means:

33 “(A) The total amount realized by a person, arising from transactions and activity in the regular
34 course of the person’s trade or business, without deduction for expenses incurred by the trade or
35 business;

36 “(B) If received by a financial institution:

37 “(i) If the reporting person for a financial institution is a holding company, all items of income
38 reported on the FR Y-9 filed by the holding company;

39 “(ii) If the reporting person for a financial institution is a bank organization, all items of income
40 reported on the call report filed by the bank organization; and

41 “(iii) If the reporting person for a financial institution is a nonbank financial organization, all
42 items of income reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and

43 “(C)(i) If received by an insurer, as reported on the statement of premiums accompanying the
44 annual statement required under ORS 731.574 to be filed with the Director of the Department of
45 Consumer and Business Services, all gross direct life insurance premiums, gross direct accident and

1 health insurance premiums and gross direct property and casualty insurance premiums; and
2 “(ii) The gross amount of surplus lines premiums received on Oregon home state risks as shown
3 in the report required by ORS 735.465.
4 “(b) ‘Commercial activity’ does not include:
5 “(A) Interest income except:
6 “(i) Interest on credit sales; or
7 “(ii) Interest income, including service charges, received by financial institutions;
8 “(B) Receipts from the sale, exchange or other disposition of an asset described in section 1221
9 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code, without regard to the length of time the person held the asset;
10 “(C) If received by an insurer, federally reinsured premiums or income from transactions be-
11 tween a reciprocal insurer and its attorney in fact operating under ORS 731.142;
12 “(D) Receipts from hedging transactions, to the extent that the transactions are entered into
13 primarily to protect a financial position, including transactions intended to manage the risk of ex-
14 posure to foreign currency fluctuations that affect assets, liabilities, profits, losses, equity or in-
15 vestments in foreign operations, risk of exposure to interest rate fluctuations or risk of commodity
16 price fluctuations;
17 “(E) Proceeds received attributable to the repayment, maturity or redemption of the principal
18 of a loan, bond, mutual fund, certificate of deposit or marketable instrument;
19 “(F) The principal amount received under a repurchase agreement or on account of any trans-
20 action properly characterized as a loan to the person;
21 “(G) Contributions received by a trust, plan or other arrangement, any of which is described in
22 section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, or to which title 26, subtitle A, chapter 1, subchapter
23 (D) of the Internal Revenue Code applies;
24 “(H) Compensation, whether current or deferred, and whether in cash or in kind, received or to
25 be received by an employee, a former employee or the employee’s legal successor for services ren-
26 dered to or for an employer, including reimbursements received by or for an individual for medical
27 or education expenses, health insurance premiums or employee expenses or on account of a de-
28 pendent care spending account, legal services plan, any cafeteria plan described in section 125 of
29 the Internal Revenue Code or any similar employee reimbursement;
30 “(I) Proceeds received from the issuance of the taxpayer’s own stock, options, warrants, puts or
31 calls, or from the sale of the taxpayer’s treasury stock;
32 “(J) Proceeds received on the account of payments from insurance policies, including crop in-
33 surance policies, owned by the taxpayer, except those proceeds received for the loss of commercial
34 activity;
35 “(K) Gifts or charitable contributions received, membership dues received by trade, professional,
36 homeowners’ or condominium associations, payments received for educational courses, meetings or
37 meals, or similar payments to a trade, professional or other similar association, and fundraising re-
38 cepts received by any person when any excess receipts are donated or used exclusively for chari-
39 table purposes;
40 “(L) Damages received as the result of litigation in excess of amounts that, if received without
41 litigation, would be treated as commercial activity;
42 “(M) Property, money and other amounts received or acquired by an agent on behalf of another
43 in excess of the agent’s commission, fee or other remuneration;
44 “(N) Tax refunds from any tax program, other tax benefit recoveries and reimbursements for the
45 tax imposed under ORS 317A.100 to 317A.158 made by entities that are part of the same unitary

1 group as provided under ORS 317A.106, and reimbursements made by entities that are not members
2 of a unitary group that are required to be made for economic parity among multiple owners of an
3 entity whose tax obligation under ORS 317A.100 to 317A.158 is required to be reported and paid
4 entirely by one owner, as provided in ORS 317A.106;

5 “(O) Pension reversions;

6 “(P) Contributions to capital;

7 “(Q) Receipts from the sale, transfer, exchange or other disposition of motor vehicle fuel or any
8 other product used for the propulsion of motor vehicles;

9 “(R) In the case of receipts from the sale of cigarettes or tobacco products by a wholesale
10 dealer, retail dealer, distributor, manufacturer or seller, an amount equal to the federal and state
11 excise taxes paid by any person on or for such cigarettes or tobacco products under subtitle E of
12 the Internal Revenue Code or ORS chapter 323;

13 “(S) In the case of receipts from the sale of malt beverages or wine, as defined in ORS 471.001,
14 cider, as defined in ORS 471.023 or distilled liquor, as defined in ORS 471.001, by a person holding
15 a license issued under ORS chapter 471, an amount equal to the federal and state excise taxes paid
16 by any person on or for such malt beverages, wine or distilled liquor under subtitle E of the Internal
17 Revenue Code or ORS chapter 471 or 473, and any amount paid to the Oregon Liquor and Cannabis
18 Commission for sales of distilled spirits by an agent appointed under ORS 471.750;

19 “(T) In the case of receipts from the sale of marijuana items, as defined in ORS 475C.009, by a
20 person holding a license issued under ORS 475C.005 to 475C.525, an amount equal to the federal and
21 state excise taxes paid by any person on or for such marijuana items under subtitle E of the Internal
22 Revenue Code or ORS 475C.670 to 475C.734 and any local retail taxes authorized under ORS
23 475C.453;

24 “(U) Local taxes collected by a restaurant or other food establishment on sales of meals, pre-
25 pared food or beverages;

26 “(V) Tips or gratuities collected by a restaurant or other food establishment and passed on to
27 employees;

28 “(W) Receipts realized by a vehicle dealer certified under ORS 822.020 or a person described in
29 ORS 320.400 (8)(a)(B) from the sale or other transfer of a motor vehicle, as defined in ORS 801.360,
30 to another vehicle dealer for the purpose of resale by the transferee vehicle dealer, but only if the
31 sale or other transfer was based upon the transferee’s need to meet a specific customer’s preference
32 for a motor vehicle or is an exchange of new vehicles between franchised motor vehicle dealerships;

33 “(X) Registration fees or taxes collected by a vehicle dealer certified under ORS 822.020 or a
34 person described in ORS 320.400 (8)(a)(B) at the sale or other transfer of a motor vehicle, as defined
35 in ORS 801.360, that are owed to a third party by the purchaser of the motor vehicle and passed to
36 the third party by the dealer;

37 “(Y) Receipts from a financial institution for services provided to the financial institution in
38 connection with the issuance, processing, servicing and management of loans or credit accounts, if
39 the financial institution and the recipient of the receipts have at least 50 percent of their ownership
40 interests owned or controlled, directly or constructively through related interests, by common own-
41 ers;

42 “(Z) In the case of amounts retained as commissions by a holder of a license under ORS chapter
43 462, an amount equal to the amounts specified under ORS chapter 462 that must be paid to or col-
44 lected by the Department of Revenue as a tax and the amounts specified under ORS chapter 462 to
45 be used as purse money;

1 “(AA) Receipts of residential care facilities as defined in ORS 443.400 or in-home care agencies
2 as defined in ORS 443.305, to the extent that the receipts are derived from or received as compen-
3 sation for providing services to a medical assistance or Medicare recipient;

4 “(BB) Dividends received;

5 “(CC) Distributive income received from a pass-through entity;

6 “(DD) Receipts from sales to a wholesaler in this state, if the seller receives certification at the
7 time of sale from the wholesaler that the wholesaler will sell the purchased property outside this
8 state;

9 “(EE) Receipts from the wholesale or retail sale of groceries, including receipts of a person that
10 owns groceries at the time of sale and compensation of any consignee engaged in effecting the sale
11 of groceries on behalf the owner of the groceries, but only to the extent that the compensation re-
12 lates to grocery sales;

13 “(FF) Receipts from transactions among members of a unitary group;

14 “(GG) Moneys, including public purpose charge moneys collected under ORS 757.612 and moneys
15 collected to plan for and pursue cost-effective energy efficiency resources under ORS 757.054, that
16 are collected from customers, passed to a utility and approved by the Public Utility Commission and
17 that support energy conservation, renewable resource acquisition and low-income assistance pro-
18 grams;

19 “(HH) Moneys collected by a utility from customers for the payment of loans through on-bill fi-
20 nancing;

21 “(II) Surcharges collected under ORS 757.736;

22 “(JJ) Moneys passed to a utility by the Bonneville Power Administration for the purpose of
23 effectuating the Regional Power Act Exchange credits or pursuant to any settlement associated with
24 the exchange credit;

25 “(KK) Moneys collected or recovered, by entities listed in ORS 756.310, cable operators as de-
26 fined in 47 U.S.C. 522(5), telecommunications carriers as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153(51) and providers
27 of information services as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153(24), for fees payable under ORS 756.310, right-of-
28 way fees, franchise fees, privilege taxes, federal taxes and local taxes;

29 “(LL) Charges assessed under ORS 759.685 and paid into the Residential Service Protection
30 Fund;

31 “(MM) Universal service surcharge moneys collected or recovered and paid into the universal
32 service fund established in ORS 759.425;

33 “(NN) Moneys collected for public purpose funding as described in ORS 759.430;

34 “(OO) Moneys collected or recovered and paid into the federal universal service fund as deter-
35 mined by the Federal Communications Commission;

36 “(PP) In the case of a seller or provider of telecommunications services, the amount of tax im-
37 posed under ORS 403.200 for access to the emergency communications system that is collected from
38 subscribers or consumers;

39 “(QQ) In the case of a transient lodging tax collector, the amount of tax imposed under ORS
40 320.305 and of any local transient lodging tax imposed upon the occupancy of transit lodging;

41 “(RR) In the case of a seller of bicycles, the amount of tax imposed under ORS 320.415 upon
42 retail sales of bicycles;

43 “(SS) In the case of a qualified heavy equipment provider, the amount of tax imposed under ORS
44 307.872 upon the rental price of heavy equipment;

45 “(TT) Farmer sales to an agricultural cooperative in this state that is a cooperative organization

1 described in section 1381 of the Internal Revenue Code;

2 “(UU) Revenue received by a business entity that is mandated by contract or subcontract to be
3 distributed to another person or entity if the revenue constitutes sales commissions that are paid
4 to a person who is not an employee of the business entity, including, without limitation, a split-fee
5 real estate commission;

6 “(VV) Receipts from the sale of fluid milk by dairy farmers that are not members of an agri-
7 cultural cooperative; and

8 “(WW)(i) Cost paid by a dealer for items of precious metal.

9 “(ii) As used in this subparagraph, ‘item of precious metal’ means an item of gold, silver,
10 platinum, rhodium or palladium that has been put through a process of smelting or refining and that
11 is in a state or condition that its value depends on its contents and not its form.

12 “(2) ‘Cost inputs’ means:

13 “(a) The cost of goods sold as calculated in arriving at federal taxable income under the Internal
14 Revenue Code; or

15 “(b) In the case of a taxpayer that is engaged in a farming operation, as defined in ORS
16 317A.102, and that does not report cost of goods sold for federal tax purposes, the taxpayer’s oper-
17 ating expenses excluding labor costs.

18 “(3) ‘Doing business’ means engaging in any activity, whether legal or illegal, that is conducted
19 for, or results in, the receipt of commercial activity at any time during a calendar year.

20 “(4) ‘Excluded person’ means any of the following:

21 “(a) Organizations described in sections 501(c) and 501(j) of the Internal Revenue Code, unless
22 the exemption is denied under section 501(h), (i) or (m) or under section 502, 503 or 505 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code.

24 “(b) Organizations described in section 501(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, unless the ex-
25 emption is denied under section 502 or 503 of the Internal Revenue Code.

26 “(c) Organizations described in section 501(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.

27 “(d) Organizations described in section 501(f) of the Internal Revenue Code.

28 “(e) Charitable risk pools described in section 501(n) of the Internal Revenue Code.

29 “(f) Organizations described in section 521 of the Internal Revenue Code.

30 “(g) Qualified state tuition programs described in section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

31 “(h) Foreign or alien insurance companies, but only with respect to the underwriting profit de-
32 rived from writing wet marine and transportation insurance subject to tax under ORS 731.824 and
33 731.828 or if an insurance company is subject to the retaliatory tax under ORS 731.854 and 731.859.

34 “(i) Governmental entities.

35 “(j) Any person with commercial activity that does not exceed \$750,000 for the tax year, other
36 than a person that is part of a unitary group as provided in ORS 317A.106 with commercial activity
37 in excess of \$750,000.

38 “(k) Long term care facilities subject to assessment under ORS 409.801.

39 “(L) Manufactured dwelling park nonprofit cooperatives organized under ORS chapter 62.

40 “(5) ‘Financial institution’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 314.610, except that ‘financial
41 institution’ does not include a credit union.

42 “(6)(a) ‘FR Y-9’ means the consolidated or parent-only financial statements that a holding com-
43 pany is required to file with the Federal Reserve Board pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 1844.

44 “(b) In the case of a holding company required to file both consolidated and parent-only financial
45 statements, ‘FR Y-9’ means the consolidated financial statements that the holding company is re-

1 quired to file.

2 “(7) ‘Governmental entity’ means:

3 “(a) The United States and any of its unincorporated agencies and instrumentalities.

4 “(b) Any incorporated agency or instrumentality of the United States wholly owned by the

5 United States or by a corporation wholly owned by the United States.

6 “(c) The State of Oregon and any of its unincorporated agencies and instrumentalities.

7 “(d) Any county, city, district or other political subdivision of the state.

8 “(e) A special government body as defined in ORS 174.117.

9 “(f) A federally recognized Indian tribe.

10 “(8) ‘Groceries’ means food as defined in 7 U.S.C. 2012(k), but does not include cannabinoid

11 edibles or marijuana seeds.

12 “(9)(a) ‘Hedging transaction’ means a hedging transaction as defined in section 1221 of the

13 Internal Revenue Code or a transaction accorded hedge accounting treatment under Financial Ac-

14 counting Standards Board Statement No. 133.

15 “(b) ‘Hedging transaction’ does not include a transaction in which an actual transfer of title of

16 real or tangible property to another entity occurs.

17 “(10) ‘Insurer’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 317.010.

18 “(11) ‘Internal Revenue Code,’ except where the Legislative Assembly has provided otherwise,

19 refers to the laws of the United States or to the Internal Revenue Code as they are amended and

20 in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**.

21 “(12) ‘Labor costs’ means total compensation of all employees, not to include compensation paid

22 to any single employee in excess of \$500,000.

23 “(13)(a) ‘Motor vehicle fuel or any other product used for the propulsion of motor vehicles’

24 means:

25 “(A) Motor vehicle fuel as defined in ORS 319.010; and

26 “(B) Fuel the use of which in a motor vehicle is subject to taxation under ORS 319.530.

27 “(b) ‘Motor vehicle fuel or any other product used for the propulsion of motor vehicles’ does not

28 mean:

29 “(A) Electricity; or

30 “(B) Electric batteries or any other mechanical or physical component or accessory of a motor

31 vehicle.

32 “(14) ‘Person’ includes individuals, combinations of individuals of any form, receivers, assignees,

33 trustees in bankruptcy, firms, companies, joint-stock companies, business trusts, estates, partner-

34 ships, limited liability partnerships, limited liability companies, associations, joint ventures, clubs,

35 societies, entities organized as for-profit corporations under ORS chapter 60, C corporations, S cor-

36 porations, qualified subchapter S subsidiaries, qualified subchapter S trusts, trusts, entities that are

37 disregarded for federal income tax purposes and any other entities.

38 “(15) ‘Retailer’ means a person doing business by selling tangible personal property to a pur-

39 chaser for a purpose other than:

40 “(a) Resale by the purchaser of the property as tangible personal property in the regular course

41 of business;

42 “(b) Incorporation by the purchaser of the property in the course of regular business as an in-

43 gredient or component of real or personal property; or

44 “(c) Consumption by the purchaser of the property in the production for sale of a new article

45 of tangible personal property.

1 “(16) ‘Taxable commercial activity’ means commercial activity sourced to this state under ORS
2 317A.128, less any subtraction pursuant to ORS 317A.119.

3 “(17)(a) ‘Taxpayer’ means any person or unitary group required to register, file or pay tax under
4 ORS 317A.100 to 317A.158.

5 “(b) ‘Taxpayer’ does not include excluded persons, except to the extent that a tax-exempt entity
6 has unrelated business income as described in the Internal Revenue Code.

7 “(18) ‘Tax year’ means, except as otherwise provided in ORS 317A.103, a taxpayer’s annual ac-
8 counting period used for federal income tax purposes under section 441 of the Internal Revenue
9 Code.

10 “(19)(a) ‘Unitary business’ means a business enterprise in which there exists directly or indi-
11 rectly between the members or parts of the enterprise a sharing or exchange of value as demon-
12 strated by:

13 “(A) Centralized management or a common executive force;

14 “(B) Centralized administrative services or functions resulting in economies of scale; or

15 “(C) Flow of goods, capital resources or services demonstrating functional integration.

16 “(b) ‘Unitary business’ may include a business enterprise the activities of which:

17 “(A) Are in the same general line of business, such as manufacturing, wholesaling or retailing;

18 or

19 “(B) Constitute steps in a vertically integrated process, such as the steps involved in the pro-
20 duction of natural resources, which might include exploration, mining, refining and marketing.

21 “(20) ‘Unitary group’ means a group of persons with more than 50 percent common ownership,
22 either direct or indirect, that is engaged in business activities that constitute a unitary business.

23 “(21) ‘Wholesaler’ means a person primarily doing business by merchant distribution of tangible
24 personal property to retailers or to other wholesalers.

25 “**SECTION 30.** ORS 458.670 is amended to read:

26 “458.670. As used in this section and ORS 458.675 to 458.700, unless the context requires other-
27 wise:

28 “(1) ‘Account holder’ means a resident of this state who:

29 “(a) Is 12 years of age or older;

30 “(b) Is a member of a lower income household; and

31 “(c) Has established an individual development account with a fiduciary organization.

32 “(2) ‘Fiduciary organization’ means an organization selected under ORS 458.695 to administer
33 state moneys directed to individual development accounts and that is:

34 “(a) A nonprofit, fund raising organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3)
35 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended and in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**; or

36 “(b) A federally recognized Oregon Indian tribe that is located, to a significant degree, within
37 the boundaries of this state.

38 “(3) ‘Financial institution’ means:

39 “(a) An organization regulated under ORS chapters 706 to 716 or 723; or

40 “(b) In the case of individual development accounts established for the purpose described in ORS
41 458.685 (1)(c), a financial institution as defined in ORS 178.300.

42 “(4) ‘Individual development account’ means a contract between an account holder and a
43 fiduciary organization, for the deposit of funds into a financial institution by the account holder and
44 the deposit of matching funds into a designated account by the fiduciary organization, to allow the
45 account holder to accumulate assets for use toward achieving a specific purpose approved by the

1 fiduciary organization.

2 “(5) ‘Lower income household’ means a household having an income equal to or less than the
3 greater of the following:

4 “(a) 80 percent of the median household income for the area as determined by the Housing and
5 Community Services Department. In making the determination, the department shall give consider-
6 ation to any data on area household income published by the United States Department of Housing
7 and Urban Development.

8 “(b) 200 percent of the poverty guidelines as determined by the Housing and Community Ser-
9 vices Department. In making the determination, the department shall give consideration to poverty
10 guidelines published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and may con-
11 sider other income data periodically published by other federal or Oregon agencies.

12 “(6)(a) ‘Net worth’ means a calculation based on the net value of assets of a household estab-
13 lished by rule by the Housing and Community Services Department.

14 “(b) ‘Net worth’ does not include:

15 “(A) Equity in one residence and in one vehicle.

16 “(B) Holdings in pension accounts valued at less than \$120,000.

17 “(7) ‘Resident of this state’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 316.027.

18 “**SECTION 31.** ORS 657.010 is amended to read:

19 “657.010. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

20 “(1) ‘Base year’ means the first four of the last five completed calendar quarters preceding the
21 benefit year.

22 “(2) ‘Benefits’ means the money allowances payable to unemployed persons under this chapter.

23 “(3) ‘Benefit year’ means a period of 52 consecutive weeks commencing with the first week with
24 respect to which an individual files an initial valid claim for benefits, and thereafter the 52 consec-
25 utive weeks period beginning with the first week with respect to which the individual next files an
26 initial valid claim after the termination of the individual’s last preceding benefit year except that
27 the benefit year shall be 53 weeks if the filing of an initial valid claim would result in overlapping
28 any quarter of the base year of a previously filed initial valid claim.

29 “(4) ‘Calendar quarter’ means the period of three consecutive calendar months ending on March
30 31, June 30, September 30 or December 31, or the approximate equivalent thereof, as the Director
31 of the Employment Department may, by rule, prescribe.

32 “(5) ‘Client employer’ means an employer that enters into a PEO relationship.

33 “(6) ‘Client worker’ means an individual who performs services for compensation for the client
34 of a professional employer organization.

35 “(7) ‘Contribution’ or ‘contributions’ means the money payments required by this chapter, or
36 voluntary payments permitted, to be made to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund.

37 “(8) ‘Covered employee’ means a client worker for whom a PEO has assumed employer respon-
38 sibilities under a PEO relationship.

39 “(9) ‘Educational institution,’ including an institution of higher education, means an institution:

40 “(a) In which participants, trainees or students are offered an organized course of study or
41 training designed to transfer to them knowledge, skills, information, doctrines, attitudes or abilities
42 from, by or under the guidance of an instructor or teacher;

43 “(b) That is accredited, registered, approved, licensed or issued a permit to operate as a school
44 by the Department of Education or other government agency, or that offers courses for credit that
45 are transferable to an approved, registered or accredited school;

1 “(c) In which the course or courses of study or training that it offers may be academic, techni-
2 cal, trade or preparation for gainful employment in a recognized occupation; and

3 “(d) In which the course or courses of study or training are offered on a regular and continuing
4 basis.

5 “(10) ‘Employment office’ means a free public employment office or branch thereof, operated by
6 this state or maintained as a part of a state-controlled system of public employment offices.

7 “(11) ‘Hospital’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 442.015.

8 “(12) ‘Institution of higher education’ means an educational institution that:

9 “(a) Admits as regular students only individuals having a certificate of graduation from a high
10 school, or the recognized equivalent of such a certificate;

11 “(b) Is legally authorized in this state to provide a program of education beyond high school;

12 “(c) Provides an educational program for which it awards a bachelor’s or higher degree, or
13 provides a program that is acceptable for full credit toward such a degree, a program of post-
14 graduate or post-doctoral studies, or a program of training to prepare students for gainful employ-
15 ment in a recognized occupation; and

16 “(d) Is a public or other nonprofit institution.

17 “(13) ‘Instructional capacity’ does not include services performed as an instructional assistant
18 as defined in ORS 342.120.

19 “(14) ‘Internal Revenue Code’ means the federal Internal Revenue Code, as amended and in ef-
20 fect on December 31, [2023] **2025**.

21 “(15) ‘Labor dispute’ means any concerted or deliberate action by two or more individuals or
22 by an employing unit resulting in either a strike or lockout in which wages, hours, working condi-
23 tions or terms of employment of the individuals are involved.

24 “(16) ‘Lockout’ means any refusal by an employer to permit employees to work as a result of a
25 dispute with the employees affecting wages, hours or other terms or conditions of their employment.

26 “(17) ‘Nonprofit employing unit’ means an organization, or group of organizations, described in
27 section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that is exempt from income tax under section 501(a)
28 of the Internal Revenue Code.

29 “(18) ‘PEO relationship’ means an agreement between a PEO and a client employer under which
30 certain employer responsibilities for some or all of the client employer’s workers are allocated.

31 “(19)(a) ‘Professional employer organization’ or ‘PEO’ means a person required to be licensed
32 under ORS 656.855 that enters into a PEO relationship with a client employer.

33 “(b) ‘Professional employer organization’ or ‘PEO’ does not mean a person that solely provides
34 workers to a client on a temporary basis or a person that provides payroll processing or similar
35 administrative services without assuming employer responsibilities for client workers.

36 “(20) ‘State’ includes, in addition to the states of the United States of America, the District of
37 Columbia and Puerto Rico. However, for all purposes of this chapter the Virgin Islands shall be
38 considered a state on and after the day on which the United States Secretary of Labor first approves
39 the Virgin Islands’ law under section 3304(a) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act as amended by
40 Public Law 94-566.

41 “(21) ‘Strike’ means any concerted act of employees in a lawful refusal under applicable state
42 or federal law to perform work or services for an employer.

43 “(22) ‘Taxes’ means contributions.

44 “(23) ‘Temporary basis’ means providing workers to a client:

45 “(a) For special situations, including but not limited to employee absences, employee leaves,

1 professional skill shortages, seasonal workloads and special assignments and projects with the ex-
2 pectation that the position will be terminated when the special situation ends.

3 “(b) As probationary new hires with a reasonable expectation of transitioning to permanent
4 employment with the client, if the client uses a preestablished probationary period in its overall
5 employment selection program.

6 “(24) ‘Valid claim’ means any claim for benefits made in accordance with ORS 657.260 if the
7 individual meets the wages-paid-for-employment requirements of ORS 657.150.

8 “(25) ‘Week’ means any period of seven consecutive calendar days ending at midnight, as the
9 director may prescribe by rule.

10 “**SECTION 32.** ORS 657B.010 is amended to read:

11 “657B.010. As used in this chapter:

12 “(1) ‘Alternate base year’ means the last four completed calendar quarters preceding the benefit
13 year.

14 “(2) ‘Average weekly wage’ means the amount calculated by the Employment Department as the
15 state average weekly covered wage under ORS 657.150 (4)(e) as determined not more than once per
16 year.

17 “(3) ‘Base year’ means the first four of the last five completed calendar quarters preceding the
18 benefit year.

19 “(4) ‘Benefits’ means family and medical leave insurance benefits.

20 “(5)(a) ‘Benefit year’ means, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, a period of
21 52 consecutive weeks beginning on the Sunday immediately preceding the date on which family
22 leave, medical leave or safe leave commences.

23 “(b) ‘Benefit year’ means, in the event that the 52-week period described in paragraph (a) of this
24 subsection would result in an overlap of any quarter of the base year of a previously filed valid
25 claim, a period of 53 consecutive weeks beginning on the Sunday immediately preceding the date
26 on which family leave, medical leave or safe leave commences.

27 “(6) ‘Child’ means:

28 “(a) A biological child, adopted child, stepchild or foster child of a covered individual or of the
29 covered individual’s spouse or domestic partner;

30 “(b) A person who is or was a legal ward of a covered individual or of the covered individual’s
31 spouse or domestic partner; or

32 “(c) A person who is or was in a relationship of in loco parentis with a covered individual or
33 with the covered individual’s spouse or domestic partner.

34 “(7) ‘Claimant’ means an individual who has submitted an application or established a claim for
35 benefits.

36 “(8) ‘Contribution’ or ‘contributions’ means the money payments made by any of the following
37 under ORS 657B.150:

38 “(a) An employer;

39 “(b) An employee;

40 “(c) A self-employed individual;

41 “(d) A tribal government; or

42 “(e) An employee of a tribal government.

43 “(9) ‘Covered individual’ means any one of the following who qualifies under ORS 657B.015 to
44 receive family and medical leave insurance benefits:

45 “(a) An eligible employee;

1 “(b) A self-employed individual; or
2 “(c) An employee of a tribal government.
3 “(10) ‘Domestic partner’ means an individual joined in a domestic partnership.
4 “(11) ‘Domestic partnership’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 106.310.
5 “(12) ‘Eligible employee’ means:
6 “(a)(A) An employee who has earned at least \$1,000 in wages during the base year; or
7 “(B) If an employee has not earned at least \$1,000 in wages during the base year, an employee
8 who has earned at least \$1,000 in wages during the alternate base year; and
9 “(b) An employee to whom paid family and medical leave insurance benefits may be available
10 under ORS 657B.015.
11 “(13) ‘Eligible employee’s average weekly wage’ means an amount calculated by the Director of
12 the Employment Department by dividing the total wages earned by an eligible employee during the
13 base year by the number of weeks in the base year.
14 “(14)(a) ‘Employee’ means:
15 “(A) An individual performing services for an employer for remuneration or under any contract
16 of hire, written or oral, express or implied.
17 “(B) A home care worker as defined in ORS 410.600.
18 “(b) ‘Employee’ does not include:
19 “(A) An independent contractor as defined in ORS 670.600.
20 “(B) A participant in a work training program administered under a state or federal assistance
21 program.
22 “(C) A participant in a work-study program that provides students in secondary or
23 postsecondary educational institutions with employment opportunities for financial assistance or
24 vocational training.
25 “(D) A railroad worker exempted under the federal Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act.
26 “(E) A volunteer.
27 “(F) A judge as defined in ORS 260.005.
28 “(G) A member of the Legislative Assembly.
29 “(H) A holder of public office as defined in ORS 260.005.
30 “(15)(a) ‘Employer’ means any person that employs one or more employees working anywhere in
31 this state or any agent or employee of such person to whom the duties of the person under this
32 chapter have been delegated.
33 “(b) ‘Employer’ includes:
34 “(A) A political subdivision of this state or any county, city, district, authority or public corpo-
35 ration, or any instrumentality of a county, city, district, authority or public corporation, organized
36 and existing under law or charter;
37 “(B) An individual;
38 “(C) Any type of organization, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, association,
39 trust, estate, joint stock company or insurance company;
40 “(D) Any successor in interest to an entity described in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph;
41 “(E) A trustee, trustee in bankruptcy or receiver; or
42 “(F) A trustee or legal representative of a deceased person.
43 “(c) ‘Employer’ does not include the federal government or a tribal government.
44 “(16) ‘Employment agency’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 658.005.
45 “(17) ‘Family and medical leave insurance benefits’ means the wage replacement benefits that

1 are available to a covered individual under ORS 657B.050 or under the terms of an employer plan
2 approved under ORS 657B.210, for family leave, medical leave or safe leave.

3 “(18)(a) ‘Family leave’ means leave from work taken by a covered individual:

4 “(A) To care for and bond with a child during the first year after the child’s birth or during the
5 first year after the placement of the child through foster care or adoption;

6 “(B) To effectuate the legal process required for placement of a foster child or the adoption of
7 a child; or

8 “(C) To care for a family member with a serious health condition.

9 “(b) ‘Family leave’ does not mean:

10 “(A) Leave described in ORS 659A.159 (1)(a) except for leave to care for a child who requires
11 home care due to an illness, injury or condition that is a serious health condition;

12 “(B) Leave described in ORS 659A.159 (1)(b); or

13 “(C) Leave authorized under ORS 659A.093.

14 “(19) ‘Family member’ means:

15 “(a) The spouse of a covered individual;

16 “(b) A child or the child’s spouse or domestic partner;

17 “(c) A parent or the parent’s spouse or domestic partner;

18 “(d) A sibling or stepsibling of a covered individual or the sibling’s or stepsibling’s spouse or
19 domestic partner;

20 “(e) A grandparent of a covered individual or the grandparent’s spouse or domestic partner;

21 “(f) A grandchild of a covered individual or the grandchild’s spouse or domestic partner;

22 “(g) The domestic partner of a covered individual; or

23 “(h) Any individual related by blood or affinity whose close association with a covered individ-
24 ual is the equivalent of a family relationship.

25 “(20) ‘Medical leave’ means leave from work taken by a covered individual that is made neces-
26 sary by the individual’s own serious health condition.

27 “(21) ‘Parent’ means:

28 “(a) A biological parent, adoptive parent, stepparent or foster parent of a covered individual;

29 “(b) A person who was a foster parent of a covered individual when the covered individual was
30 a minor;

31 “(c) A person designated as the legal guardian of a covered individual at the time the covered
32 individual was a minor or required a legal guardian;

33 “(d) A person with whom a covered individual was or is in a relationship of in loco parentis;
34 or

35 “(e) A parent of a covered individual’s spouse or domestic partner who meets a description un-
36 der paragraphs (a) to (d) of this subsection.

37 “(22) ‘Safe leave’ means leave taken for any purpose described in ORS 659A.272.

38 “(23) ‘Self-employed individual’ means:

39 “(a) An individual who has self-employment income as defined in section 1402(b) of the Internal
40 Revenue Code as amended and in effect on December 31, [2023] **2025**; or

41 “(b) An independent contractor as defined in ORS 670.600.

42 “(24) ‘Serious health condition’ means:

43 “(a) An illness, injury, impairment or physical or mental condition that requires inpatient care
44 in a hospital, hospice or residential medical care facility;

45 “(b) An illness, disease or condition that in the medical judgment of the treating health care

1 provider poses an imminent danger of death, is terminal in prognosis with a reasonable possibility
2 of death in the near future, or requires constant care;

3 “(c) Any period of disability due to pregnancy, or period of absence for prenatal care; or

4 “(d) Any period of absence for the donation of a body part, organ or tissue, including preoper-
5 ative or diagnostic services, surgery, post-operative treatment and recovery.

6 “(25) ‘Third party administrator’ means a third party that enters into an agreement with the
7 Director of the Employment Department to implement and administer the paid family and medical
8 leave program established under this chapter.

9 “(26) ‘Tribal government’ means:

10 “(a) A tribal government as defined in ORS 181A.940; or

11 “(b) A federally recognized Indian tribe.

12 “(27)(a) ‘Wages’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 657.105.

13 “(b) ‘Wages’ does not mean contribution amounts paid to the Paid Family and Medical Leave
14 Insurance Fund by an employer on behalf of an employee under ORS 657B.150 (5).

15 **“SECTION 33. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the**
16 **amendments to statutes by sections 1 to 32 of this 2026 Act apply to transactions or activities**
17 **occurring on or after January 1, 2026, in tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2026.**

18 **“(2) The effective and applicable dates, and the exceptions, special rules and coordination**
19 **with the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, relative to those dates, contained in federal law**
20 **amending the Internal Revenue Code and enacted before January 1, 2026, apply for Oregon**
21 **personal income and corporate excise and income tax purposes, to the extent they can be**
22 **made applicable, in the same manner as they are applied under the Internal Revenue Code**
23 **and related federal law.**

24 **“(3)(a) If a deficiency is assessed against any taxpayer for a tax year beginning before**
25 **January 1, 2026, and the deficiency or any portion thereof is attributable to any retroactive**
26 **treatment under the amendments to ORS 178.300, 178.375, 305.239, 305.494, 305.690, 305.842,**
27 **314.011, 314.306, 315.004, 316.012, 316.147, 316.157, 317.010, 317.097 and 317A.100 by sections 1, 2**
28 **and 16 to 29 of this 2026 Act, then any interest or penalty assessed under ORS chapter 305,**
29 **314, 315, 316, 317, 317A or 318 with respect to the deficiency or portion thereof shall be can-**
30 **celed.**

31 **“(b) If a refund is due any taxpayer for a tax year beginning before January 1, 2026, and**
32 **the refund or any portion thereof is due the taxpayer on account of any retroactive treat-**
33 **ment under the amendments to ORS 178.300, 178.375, 305.239, 305.494, 305.690, 305.842, 314.011,**
34 **314.306, 315.004, 316.012, 316.147, 316.157, 317.010, 317.097 and 317A.100 by sections 1, 2 and 16**
35 **to 29 of this 2026 Act for a tax year beginning before January 1, 2026, then notwithstanding**
36 **ORS 305.270 or 314.415 or any other law, the refund or portion thereof shall be paid without**
37 **interest.**

38 **“(c) Any changes required because of the amendments to ORS 178.300, 178.375, 305.239,**
39 **305.494, 305.690, 305.842, 314.011, 314.306, 315.004, 316.012, 316.147, 316.157, 317.010, 317.097 and**
40 **317A.100 by sections 1, 2 and 16 to 29 of this 2026 Act for a tax year beginning before January**
41 **1, 2026, shall be made by filing an amended return within the time prescribed by law.**

42 **“(d) If a taxpayer fails to file an amended return under paragraph (c) of this subsection,**
43 **the Department of Revenue shall make any changes under paragraph (c) of this subsection**
44 **on the return to which the changes relate within the period specified for issuing a notice of**
45 **deficiency or claiming a refund as otherwise provided by law with respect to that return, or**

1 **within one year after a return for a tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2026, and be-**
2 **fore January 1, 2027, is filed, whichever period expires later.**

3 **“SECTION 34.** ORS 315.266 is amended to read:

4 “315.266. (1)(a) In addition to any other credit available for purposes of ORS chapter 316, an
5 eligible resident individual shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under ORS
6 chapter 316 for the tax year in an amount equal to *[nine]* **14** percent of the earned income credit
7 allowable to the individual for the same tax year under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code.

8 “(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, for a taxpayer with a dependent under the
9 age of three at the close of the tax year, the credit allowed under this section shall be in an amount
10 equal to *[12]* **17** percent of the earned income credit allowable to the individual for the same tax
11 year under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code.

12 “(2) A resident individual may claim a credit under this section, using either a Social Security
13 number or an individual taxpayer identification number, if, but for section 32(m) of the Internal
14 Revenue Code, the individual would otherwise be eligible to claim a credit under section 32 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code. The credit allowed as provided in this subsection shall equal the percent-
16 age, as stated in subsection (1) of this section, of the amount that would be allowed on a federal
17 return, based on the amount of the individual’s earned income and the other provisions of section
18 32 of the Internal Revenue Code.

19 “(3) An eligible nonresident individual shall be allowed the credit computed in the same manner
20 and subject to the same limitations as the credit allowed a resident by subsection (1) or (2) of this
21 section. However, the credit shall be prorated using the proportion provided in ORS 316.117.

22 “(4) If a change in the taxable year of a taxpayer occurs as described in ORS 314.085, or if the
23 Department of Revenue terminates the taxpayer’s taxable year under ORS 314.440, the credit al-
24 lowed by this section shall be prorated or computed in a manner consistent with ORS 314.085.

25 “(5) If a change in the status of a taxpayer from resident to nonresident or from nonresident to
26 resident occurs, the credit allowed by this section shall be determined in a manner consistent with
27 ORS 316.117.

28 “(6) If the amount allowable as a credit under this section, when added to the sum of the
29 amounts allowable as payment of tax under ORS 316.187 or 316.583, other tax prepayment amounts
30 and other refundable credit amounts, exceeds the taxes imposed by ORS chapters 314 and 316 for
31 the tax year after application of any nonrefundable credits allowable for purposes of ORS chapter
32 316 for the tax year, the amount of the excess shall be refunded to the taxpayer as provided in ORS
33 316.502.

34 “(7) The Department of Revenue may adopt rules for purposes of this section, including but not
35 limited to rules relating to proof of eligibility, the furnishing of information regarding the federal
36 earned income credit claimed by the taxpayer for the tax year and policies and guidelines for the
37 determination of the amount of credit allowed under subsection (2) of this section.

38 “(8) Refunds attributable to the earned income credit allowed under this section do not bear
39 interest.

40 **“SECTION 35.** The amendments to ORS 315.266 by section 34 of this 2026 Act apply to tax
41 years beginning on or after January 1, 2026.

42 **“SECTION 36.** This 2026 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2026
43 regular session of the Eighty-third Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.”.

44 /s/ Dick Anderson
45 Senator

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/s/ Mike McLane
Senator
